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THE DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER—Devoted to Religion, Politics, Science, Mining, Foreign and Domestic Intelligence, Mechanics, Education, Literature and the Arts.—THE UNION FOREVER.

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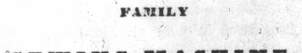

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1865, until further notice, the trains of the Central Pacific Railroad will run as follows:

Going East.

Mail and passenger train will leave Sacramento at 6:30 A. M., arrive at Colfax at 9:05 A. M.
Freight and passenger train leave Sacramento at 8 A. M. arrive at Colfax 12:45 P. M.
Freight and passenger train leave Sacramento at 3 P. M., arrive at Colfax at 7:45.

Going West.

Freight and passenger train leave Colfax at 5:45 A. M., arrive at Sacramento at 10:15 A. M.
Mail and passenger train leave Colfax at 9:35 A. M., arrive at Sacramento at 12:30 P. M.
Freight and passenger train leave Colfax at 2 P. M., arrive at Sacramento at 6:30 P. M.
Freight to and from Colfax and intermediate stations, will be taken on all trains except the mail and passenger train.
The morning Passenger Trains connect at Auburn with stages for Yankee Jims, Forest Hill, and Michigan Bluffs; and at Colfax with stages for Grass Valley, Nevada, San Juan, Illinoistown, Gold Run, Dutch Flat and Virginia City.
The 6:30 A. M. up train connects at the Junction with the cars of the California Central Pacific Railroad for Lincoln and Marysville and all points north.
On Sunday, one train only will be run, leaving Sacramento at 6:30 A. M. and Colfax at 9:45 A. M.
Conveyance can be had at Newcastle for Alabaster Cave, six miles distant. C. CROCKER, Superintendent.
G. F. HARTWELL, Assistant Superintendent. jy-tf

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ON AND AFTER SEPTEMBER, SECOND, the Coaches of the Pioneer Company will
Leave Dutch Flat daily at 6½ o'clock, A. M., for Sacramento connecting with the cars of the Central Pacific Railroad at Colfax, and
Returning, leaves Colfax at 9½ o'clock, A. M., and arrives at Dutch Flat at 12 o'clock, M.
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THE DUEL.

You need not turn so pale love; I'm unhurt,
We quarrelled at the opera last night
About some trifle. Nay, I scarce know what,
We men will quarrel for the merest slight.
We settled time, place, weapon on the spot!
Bois de Boulogne, this morning, pistols—well,
I fear that you are cold, you shudder so;
At the first shot my adversary fell.

Shot through the heart, dead—nay, now don't faint!
I hate a fainting woman. Here's your fan;
A little water? So you're better now,
Pray hear my story out, love, if you can,
I think he uttered something as he fell;
A woman's name—I scarcely caught the sound;
It passed so quickly that I am not sure.
For he was dead before he reached the ground.

Ah poor De Courcy! Handsome was he not?
A favorite with the ladies I believe.
They'll miss him sadly. More than one fair dame
Will o'er his sudden fate in secret grieve.
How well he looked this morning, as he stood
Waiting my fire with such a careless grace,
The breezes playing with his raven curls,
The sunshine lighting up his gay, bright face!

Suppose my hand had trembled! If it had,
I should have fallen instead of him. You're white
At the bare thought. Nay, here I am, quite well,
And ready for the opera to-night.
Ronconi plays, and I would like to see
"Marie de Rohan" once or twice again.
His acting as De Chevreeuse is sublime;
How he portrays the jealous husband's pain!

All husbands have not such a wife as you!
Fair as the sun, and chaste as Winter's moon!
How very pale you still are, dearest wife!
There is no danger of another swoon?
How wrong was I to tell you I had fought;
I think you've scarce recovered from the shock.
One kiss upon your brow, and then I'll go;
But pray be ready, love, at eight o'clock!

[From the New York Times.]

H. W. BEECHER'S, CONVERSION TO UNIVERSALISM.

For some time past the religious community has been disturbed by some curious reports of certain vital changes alleged to have taken place in the theological opinions, of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher. Accustomed to the frequent, and in the main harmless, vagaries of this eccentric clergyman, his friends at first paid little attention to these rumors; but more recently the subject has been so openlymooted in the city of churches that some inquiry was necessary. The result has awakened the greatest astonishment and sorrow among his many friends, who are said to have found that his reported conversion to the doctrines of "Universalism" was based upon something more than mere surmise, or the hasty expression of some momentary feeling. Trusting, however, that this change in his religious beliefs was only a vagary of a mind which has frequently before given evidences of a want of balance they have said little about the matter, charitably hoping that the evil would work its own reform. Mr. Beecher, however, is not a man to allow his light to remain hidden under a bushel, and, like all proselytes, prompt to proclaim his newly found opinions. Our readers can imagine the astonishment of a large portion of his congregation, which with the kindest but most mistaken intentions, had been kept in ignorance of the circumstances of which we have spoken, on reading his bold announcement of his beliefs in a three-column article in the *Independent* of this week, under the title of "Remarks on Hell."

Mr. Beecher's intimate relations with that journal, and the frequency with which he has contributed to its columns, have probably relaxed the usual severity of editorial scrutiny, a fact which will perhaps account for the publication of this strange article in the pages of a strictly orthodox religious organ. Our space forbids the reprinting of the entire paper, which would otherwise be interesting as a curious passage in the history of the religious beliefs of this country. We give, however, its most promising points.

The occasion for [the article in question was the following note, addressed to Mr. Beecher, probably by one of those who had heard the vague reports of his change of opinions:

Will you please tell me, in your lecture-room talks, published in the "Independent," what you mean by hell, and future punishment? My mind is yearning for something higher and more spiritual; but, before I can advance any further, I must have these terms explained by a liberal Christian man.

DEFINITION OF HELL—WHAT IS PURGATORY?

Mr. Beecher commences his reply by giving a definition of hell, announcing at the very out-set, it will be seen, his opinion that it is not a final, but an intermediate state—a purgatory, where the wicked are punished for the sins of this life, and fitted for a furure existence. The boldness with which he signifies his conclusion, that punishment will not be everlasting, will astonish even those who knew the fearlessness with which he has always thrown himself into any movement with which he became connected. He says:

By the term "hell," as it is popularly used, we mean—or I mean—that state in which, after this mortal life, the incorrigibly wicked are left to their own suffering and punishment. If you ask me the meaning of the original word—hades—I reply: That means that state of the dead which immediately succeeds this life, and which is intermediate between this life and the one that is to come. Or, if you ask me what "hell" means in the ordinary usage, I reply that it means the state in which the incorrigibly wicked are herded together, and suffer the legitimate result of their wickedness. I need not, therefore, answer the second question, as to the meaning of future punishment.

HE OBJECTS TO BEING "BADGERED AND BEATEN" THROUGH ETERNITY.

Starting to give the reasons for his present opinion, he paints the following picture of the orthodox belief, and presents the doctrine which has hitherto been taught in his own and the large number of churches in this city, in this extraordinary light. The unfairness of his picture, and his strangely exaggerated statement, will however, alienate from him the sympathy of many who would otherwise be disposed to look leniently upon what they might think the honest doubts of an honest seeker after truth:

There has been a mode of presenting the doctrine of future punishment, and there has sometimes been a spirit employed in the use of it as a motive, which have been repulsive, not to say shocking. Not only have we received this doctrine as it has come down to us, clothed with material figures and illustrations, but these illustrations have been magnified and worked until the doctrine, as it is presented by human interpretations and expositions, is simply horrible. It has been supposed that death was one vast slaughter-house or torment, where wretched, and hopeless and helpless creatures, for the sins of life, were, by every conceivable method of exquisite physical pain, badgered and beaten about in an endless gyration of suffering. Look at the "Inferno" of Dante, as an exposition of the prevalent opinions of his day. Look at the "Last Judgment" of Michael Angelo, as an exposition of the physical ideas of torment of his day, where devils are gnawing the skulls of the damned; where men are pitched about on forks; where all possible modes of bodily distress are grossly, savagely, hideously complicated. And consider these as presentations of a state of government under which Christ in the manifestation of God!

THE REASON FOR HIS CHANGE OF BELIEF.

This "materialism," in the ordinarily received doctrine of orthodox churches, he gives as the main reason for his present belief, adding thereto the insufficiency of argument by which the more commonly received opinion is sustained.

This extreme materialism, this utter barbarity of the ideas which have so widely prevailed respecting future punishment, has been one chief reason of the modern reaction has taken place on that subject. Then we have not, perhaps, made the matter much better by the arguments, derived from the world, of moral government, which we have advanced to justify future and eternal punishment, and which seem not to be at all sound.

WHAT IS INSPIRATION.

As a curious example of Mr Beecher's opinions as to the inspiration of the Scriptures, we quote, in passing, the following sentence, in which he says of the apostles:

Though I consider that they were inspired, yet I cannot but feel that, emanating from him (Christo), it is different from what it would have been if it had emanated from either of them.

WHENCE COMES THE IDEA OF HELL.

But the remarkable feature is, that this doctrine does not appear in the Old Testament at all, and that in the New Testament it is, I might almost say, but just alluded to anywhere else except in the teachings of the Saviour.

HORRIBLE CHARACTER OF THE ORDINARILY RECEIVED OPINION.

It is a very awful and painful view. I feel, when I look upon society and think of that doctrine as I should if I looked into a crater. I shudder. I hide my eyes and heart from it. It touches me to the core of my life. I positively dare not think of it in certain moods. It is a dreadful thing.

THE INTERMEDIATE STATE.

But then, as this is the teaching of Christ, a spiritual teacher, in respect to men who are to go out of this life as spirits, and to dwell in a spiritual realm, I hold that it is reasonable to infer that the punishment of the future state is not material in any way whatever; that it is a moral and spiritual punishment, following the transgression of law; that it consists in the reaction of the mind, by its own laws, on itself; that it is the being withdrawn from the divine presence, and those fertilizing and joy-inspiring influences which come from personal communion with God. And this view takes away all that repulsiveness which we cannot but feel when the doctrine of a barbaric, bodily, material punishment is taught. As no man supposes that the streets of Heaven are paved with gold because the Apocalypse represents them as being so paved, so we are not to suppose that the gross representations, of hell which we find in the New Testament are to be taken literally. As no one supposes that the symbols employed to give us some conception of the degree of joy in Heaven are meant to convey to us a conception of its kind, so we are to suppose that symbolism which is given of hell is employed to represent the degree, rather than the kind of happiness there.

THE CAUSE OF EARTHQUAKES.

The cause which produces the earthquake shock, and the manner in which it is communicated over vast distances in a short time, have been variously explained. Slight impulses sometimes produce perceptible movements in what appears to be solid and fixed. Thus, at Greenwich observatory the shutting of the outer gate has so jarred the transit telescope as to throw the star to which it is pointed out of the field of view. The effect of the jarring of dams by the fall of water is also felt miles off. Various agents are well-known to be at work in the interior of the earth, producing chemical changes, which are often attended with violent movements. By such force immense columns of lava are lifted up in the craters of volcanoes, and stones of vast size are ejected. One mass of rocks thrown from Cotopaxi, a distance of eight or nine miles, was estimated to contain about 100 cubic yards of matter, consequently weighing over 200 tuns. It has been suggested that many of the gasses which are evolved from volcanoes may, under the immense pressure to which they are subjected in the interior, exist in a solid or liquid form, and by a considerable increase of heat these are made to assume the gaseous form, and, in doing this display an elastic power which no superincumbent mass can resist. It has been found that when powder is exploded in rocks, a shock is communicated to distances varying with the quantity fired and the quality of the rock as to elasticity; and the rate of progress of this impulse has been observed to be from about 1,000 to 1,700 feet per second. Many instances have been recorded of the velocity of the earthquake shock, ascertained by seeing the time at which chronometers at different localities have been stopped by it, and this has been found to vary from 1,000 to 6,000 feet per second. The movement in both these cases is, no doubt, of analegous character though accompanied in the earthquake by a vastly increased display of force. Mr. R. Mallet who has recounted these and other observations in the valuable essay on the dynastics of earthquakes, defines their efficient cause to be "a wave of elastic compression, produced either by the sudden flexure and constraint of the elastic materials forming a portion of the earth's crust, or by the sudden relief of this constraint by withdrawal of the force, or by their giving way and becoming fractured."

When, as very frequently is the case, the shock originates beneath the ocean, its effect is transmitted first in the wave of sound, which rushing forward through the rocky crust of the earth at the rate of from 8,000 to 10,000 feet per second, gives notice by its rumbling of the vibrating motion following behind. The great sea wave, generated by the same movement, advances stilll more slowly than the vibration transmitted through the rocky strata, but at last pours in upon the land, its effects modified by the contour of the coast and the depth of the waters through which it has passed. Lastly, may come the atmospheric agitation and the sound of the outbreak, transmitted through the air. The vibrating movement imparted to the solid strata is the chief agency in the disastrous effects of earthquakes. Its rate of progress must vary with the varying elasticity of the rocks, and a greatly increased shock must consequently be experienced in the passage of the wave from soft alluvial strata into the hard crystalline rocks, or *vice versa*. It was on this line of junction of the two formations that the most disastrous effects were experienced in the great earthquake in Calabria, in 1783. It is by such an elastic wave, moving forward and suddenly back again, that Mr. Mallet explains the curious effects which have been observed in the twisting movement given to the blocks which form proportions of columns, as if the upper stones had been partially turned round on the lower. Such effects were noticed by Darwin in the cathedral at Conception, and others of the same nature are described as having occurred to two obelisks in a convent in Calabria. The effect has also been referred to a vorticose or whirling motion, and by others to a rotary movement caused by the crossing of two waves of horizontal vibration. The Profs. Rogers attribute the movement to an actual pulsation engendered in the molten matter itself by a linear disruption under enormous tension, giving vent explosively to elastic vapors, escaping either to the surface or into cavernous spaces beneath. By others the movement had previously been ascribed to elastic vapors, passing between the strata or between the crust and the fluid lava beneath it.—*American Eneglopedia.*

AMERICAN MECHANICS IN RUSSIA.—Five Springfield mechanics leave for St. Petersburg on Saturday. They are engaged by the Russian Government as assistant masters on a government railroad. The road is five hundred miles long, and they will be stationed at the different repair shops along the line. They are employed at a salary of about 150 rupees (about $112) per month, besides their expenses to Russia and back, the term of their contract being for three years. There are now six Americans employed in a similar capacity on the same railroad.

WHO IS THE THIEF.

The earliest pieces of theft that we can call to mind, are the removal of her father's household gods by Rachel, and the plundering of the treasure chamber of Psammennitus, the rich and learned King of Egypt, the following exploit being left on record by Herodotus, most delightful of historians:

This wise and rich monarch got a strong room built for the preservation of his immense riches, but he scarcely showed his wisdom in allowing its outward wall to be accessible to all comers, for it formed a portion of the boundary of the royal fortress. The cunning architect contrived that one large stone extending the entire breadth of the wall might be easily removed without leaving any perceptible interstice, and on his death-bed he bequeathed the secret to his two sons. These youths, soon after paying the last respects to their father's mummy, repaired by night to the outer wall, removed the stone, (we are unable to explain the modus,) and getting into the chamber, carried away some of its most precious contents. This was only the first visit, and the king, on his repeated inspections, found his glittering treasures diminishing, without the slightest clue as to the nefarious means employed. The inner surface of the wall showed not the slightest flaw, and to the strokes of the hammer every portion answered with uniform solidity. The seals placed on the door at each going out were found untampered with on every succeeding visit, and the poor king's perplexity advance to an alarming point. However, something should be done, and the wise king did the wisest thing under the circumstances. He laid a the neighborhood of the choicest article a trap of the brothers, one who ventured inside was effectually secured, body and limbs.

The other entering with all due precautions, they examined the machine, and found no possible mode of escape. The captured man then proposed to his brother to behead him, and thus save the lives and reputation of the other members of the family. On the freeman expressing his repugnance to the deed, he answered, "My life is forfeited whether I can take it or not. If you refuse you needlessly sacrifice our mother's life and your own." This view of the case decided the brother to the abhorred deed. The head was carried away, and the stone replaced.

The baffled king on finding the headless corpse, had still to endure the annoyance of knowing one tormentor at least to be still at large. His next proceeding was to have the body suspended from a gibbet and closely watched, the watchmen being privately instructed to take into custody all who seemed affected by sorrow at the sight.

The news coming to the ears of mother and brother, a council was held to save their dear relative from annihilation.* Next evening the guards remarked a clown driving along an ass laden with wine skins; and just as he passed, and they were looking with much concupiscence on the comely bags, the cord that tied the neck of one of them came loose and out began to run the odorous red stream. On rushed the men in a courageous fashion to prevent the precious liquid from merely soaking the ungrateful dust. Some made its way down their throats, and the neck of another skin being loosed by chance, a further distribution took place, the owner lamenting his mishap aloud. However, as there was no cure for spilled liquor, but to drink it, he soon joined his helpers, and getting exalted (in appearance,) he said he did not mind opening another skin, and drowning sorrow. The festival came to an end late in the night, every guard lying supine, and indifferent to the result. The clown, in other words the brother of the victim, then shaved half the hair off every man's head, and freeing the poor remains from the gibbet, had them conveyed home, embalmed, and united to the head.

The king was at first highly enraged, but he soon turned his thoughts to the apprehension of the very talented criminal. By proclamation he made known that her daughter was about selecting a husband, and that persons of rank were at liberty to pay their addresses, the mode being thus arranged: The suitor was admitted to a certain darkened room in the palace, and the princess sat at a casement communicating with this room. She asked him certain questions, and if the answers were not satisfactory, he was allowed to depart unhanged and unnoticed. The individual whose answers pleased the lady would be her future spouse.

After several had undergone the trial, the expected man presented himself. Being laid under awful obligations to speak the truth, he was told in the sweet but stately tones of the royal lady to reveal the most painful and the most joyful incident of his life. Dreading the dire consequences of an untruth, he acknowledged that the beheading of his brother was the most sorrowful, and the recovery of his body the most joyful events of his life.

"You are the man," said she, firmly grasping his covered wrist, which its owner did not attempt to withdraw. "Lights here." Domestics crowded into the darkened rooms with flambeaux, but there was no man within the outer apartment, and the lady found herself in possession of the arm of a man lately dead. The wooer, fearing bad faith, had come prepared.

Psammennitis being now at his wits' end, publicly invited his tormentor to present himself, giving such a pledge as even the king of Egypt could not fail to ratify, that he would *bona fide* pardon him, and make him his son-in-law. He was soon gratified by the appearance of the out-law, and neither he nor his daughter was ever after heard to complain of the new accession to the royal line of Egyptian kings.

*At some future time the souls of men would be allowed to return to the resting places of their bodies, and if these last were in a state of preservation, there was a reunion and the enjoyment of a new state of existence. If the earthly tenement had been decomposed or destroyed, the spiritual essence was now doomed to perish. Hence the pious attention paid to the embalming of ancestors, and the judicial destruction of the dead bodies of those whose lives had been eminently wicked.

A LION-KEEPER'S ADVENTURE.—The *Journal du Loiret*, states that a female elephant, Miss Fanny, belonging to Schmidt's menagerie, which is being exhibited at Saumur, has just died. She was said to be aged 130 years. A alarming scene has just taken place during an exhibition at the same establishment. M. Schmidt was in a cage with a lion and a hyena, and after putting those animals through their performances, was feeding them with a piece of fresh meat. The lion, however, became excited with the odor of the flesh, and springing on the hyena, overturned it on the floor of the cage and seized it by the neck. M. Schmidt first endeavored to make the lion loose its hold by striking it with his whip, and then by going close to the animal's ears a revolver which had been handed to him. The lion did not, however, relax its grasp, while the hyena lay apparently lifeless. A great excitement now prevailed among the spectators, and fears were entertained for the tamer himself. An iron bar was next handed to M. Schmidt who succeeded in thrusting it far into the lion's jaws, while the animal was beaten with pieces of wood passed through the bars by the keepers. The lion at length loosed his hold of the hyena, and turned to make a dash at the bars against his new assailants, while M. Schmidt taking advantage of the moment, dragged the hyena to the other end of the cage, and a trap being immediately let down, separated the two animals. M. Schmidt accompanied the wounded animal, and shortly after came forward before the spectators, and was received with loud applause. The hyena was seriously injured, but there are hopes that its life will be saved.

VERMONT has gone for the Union party.

A MIRACLE.—According to Voltaire there existed in the middle of the last century in Prussian Silesia, a chapel under the invocation of the Blessed Virgin, which the Catholic families of that country held in great veneration. Frequent thefts were committed in the chapel. Watch was set, and observations led suspicions to rest on a grenadier, who had all of a sudden fallen into a fit of the most fervent devotion. One day as he came out of the chapel he was arrested and searched. In one of his pockets a golden heart was found. He attempted to explain possession of this object by saying: "While I was kneeling near the head altar, devoutly reciting the litanies of the Virgin, to my inexpressible astonishment I saw the Blessed Virgin smile with grace and fly from the altar to me. She said: 'Grenadier, I am touched by your devotional spirit and, as you are a poor man, I insist upon your accepting this golden heart.' I was exceedingly embarrassed and begged to be excused. She said in a tone that made me tremble: Grenadier, do not be ceremonious with me.' I was so frightened I dared not disobey." The court-martial being composed of infidel dogs, condemned the grenadier to death for sacrilegious robbery. Frederick the Great liked the soldier, and was very averse to confirming the sentence. He determined to call a meeting of the Catholic Bishops, to enquire of them whether the story of the grenadier was necessarily a falsehood. The bishops met, and dared not for principle's sake reject the miracle. They contented themselves with saying that, while these instances of divine conversations and presents were rare, nevertheless examples of them were unquestionably to be found in the history of the church. This was all that Frederick the Great wanted. He sent the soldier back to his regiment with a reprieve, limited only by this restriction: "But hereafter we forbid our said grenadier from accepting, under pain of capital punishment, any gift or present from the Virgin or the saints, even though they should use the utmost violence to force it upon him."

FRENCH WIVES.—French laws and customs respecting marriage, although they cannot erase and obliterate the natural distinction of the sex, confer complete equality and fraternity. A Frenchwoman is not only a wife at bed and board, she is also a partner in business and a joint proprietor, without whose consultation and consent no important step can be taken. She knows when a bill is due, as well as, or better than, her husband. She can consent to, or forbid, her children's marriage. She never sinks her maiden name, but attaches it to that of her spouse in a form very little differing from that of commercial associations. Mr. White starts a concern with Mr. Black; they announce their joint undertaking as White & Black. M. White married to Md'lle Black are known to the world as White-Black. A hyphen, or an and, makes all the difference. The same kind of fraternity also frequently occurs—quite as a matter of course, existing in the nature of things—in the talk talked, in the books read, in the songs listened to, and in the double meanings laughed at jointly by a Frenchman and his wife. But while the laws of property and marriage do all they can to rivet the chains of matrimony, there are other influences which work in an opposite direction. Thus, moments of repulsion are sure to occur between a girl firmly grounded in a religion of rituals, scrupulous of small observances, and looking no further, and a man who believes few religious dogmas, or, if he admits their spirit, will not be fettered by their letter. But above every cause likely to prove the germ of future estrangement, is the way in which French matches are made. Many of the French themselves are far from being satisfied on this head, and have even the boldness to quote with approbation the advantages offered by the English system as far as happiness is concerned.

DESTRUCTIVE LIGHTNING.—Though the number of persons killed by a single flash of lightning may have been greater, there are, probably not many instances on record of its having covered so great an area as in a family at Eastbourne England. The coachman and butler were outside the house. The former was struck dead, and the latter was so much affected by the shock, that, without being hardly conscious of what he was doing, he went into the house. Here he found his master insensible and, as it turned out very much hurt on the left side. In the pantry he found the footman lying dead on the floor; and a further examination of the house showed that the lightning had been through all parts of it. Everywhere the windows were shattered, looking-glasses broken, articles of furniture torn to splinters, cornices and ceilings cracked, bell-wires melted, and so forth. The owner's daughter had a wonderful escape. The electric stream entered the room where she was dressing, and splintered the bed she had just left, besides doing other damage. It is evident that this was not a case of a small stream passing from one object to another, inasmuch as the coachman was struck dead outside the building. But large as the area was over which this extended, it was not equal to that of Reichenbach, which town was fired in so many places that the inhabitants had the greatest difficulty in escaping into the country, without being able to save any part of their goods; even a regiment of cavalry quartered in the town were unable to save any part of their baggage.

POISONING.—From the reign of Henry VIII. down to that of the second George a sudden death seldom failed to awaken the suspicon of poisoning; and chemistry was not far enough advanced to contribute the weight of its evidence. It was during the reign of Henry VIII. that an act was passed whereby the penalty of death by boiling was imposed on poisoners. The origin of it was a series of poisonings perpetrated by Rouse, Henry VIII.'s own cook. We do not know whether that act has been ever repealed. If not, the propriety of a further interpretative act will be manifest, seeing that no directions are given as to the manner of conducting the boiling. Whether the cook Rouse, and others following him were boiled lobster fashion or corned beef fashion we could never discover. In practice, the difference would be most important. Death punishments inflicted on the lobster principle, by throwing the culprit into boiling water, can not be so very dreadful—something better, we suppose, than hanging; but to be put into a copper full of cold water, and gradually warmed up to boiling that is almost too horrible.

RATHER HIGHFALUTIN.—A pretty woman is one of the institutions of the country—an angel in dry goods and glory. She makes sunshine, blue sky, and happiness wherever she goes. Her path is one of delicious roses, perfume and beauty. She is a sweet poem, written in rare curls and choice calico, and good principles. Men stand up before her as so many adhesion points, to melt into cream and then butter. Her words float around the ear like music, birds of paradise, or the perfumes of the asiatic bath bells. Without her society would lose its truest attraction, the church its firmest pillars, and young men the very best comforters and companions. Her influence and generosity restrain the vicious, strengthen the faint-hearted. Wherever you find the virtuous woman, you also find fireside happiness, clean clothes, order, good living, gentle hearts, music and light, and modern institutions generally. She is the flower of humanity, and her expression is the breath of Heaven.

THE first block of cornice of the course of granite which completes the first story of the State Capitol in Sacramento was laid on Friday evening of last week.

DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCT. 21, 1865.

Now, by St. Paul, the work goes bravely on,
The Stars and Stripes are up for Liberty,
Flag of the Nation--Talisman of the Free,
Cursed be the hand that dares to pull thee down.

NEW PROCESS.—The San Andreas Register has been informed that Mr. Bovie, who has been engaged in building a mill near town, has perfected a process for reducing quartz so as to extract all the gold from the rock. It is done by means of heated steam, which is brought into contact with the rock and slackens it as water slackens lime. He has made a practical test of a lead situated in Angels, which has been worked, but which could never be made to pay over three dollars per ton. The Register is told that by this process this same rock yields five hundred dollars a ton. If this is correct, it is destined to bring about a revolution in quartz mining, which will make this one of the richest sections in the State; for by this process nearly every lead in the county will pay.—*Sac. Bee.*

The above description of Mr. Bovie's process is very similar in its main feature to a process produced by a Mr. Mason, the drawings and specifications for which have been shown us by Mr. Redstone of this place. In the Mason process the steam is made in a boiler and conducted into a coil through a furnace where it is super-heated to about 12 or 14 hundred degrees and passes to the fire through perforated pipes, the hydrogen unites with the sulphur and carries it off while the oxygen is taken up by the base metals and other corrosive substances, this is said to leave the quartz as soft as chalk and dissolves easily in water. The necessity of grinding is dispensed with, the gold left free to amalgamate. It is also claimed that the more sulphurets there are contained in the quartz the more rapidly it is acted upon and the more perfect is the decomposition. The gentlemen who send this process make the following comment upon the Ayres process of which we copied a notice some time since: "In regard to the Ayres process of which I sent you a circular, I would say that it is so imperfectly developed that you can do nothing with it at present by itself, but it may be used to advantage in connection with the Mason process. Ayres has as yet no plan developed for working his upon a large scale and it would require considerable invention to perfect a plan for effecting upon a large scale what he described. I have examined all the plans and do unhesitatingly pronounce Mason's the best and most effectual as well as by far the cheapest."

RUN AWAY.—On the 15th inst., the team of Mr. F. Groh's, standing in front of the Placer Brewery, took fright, and skedaddled up Sacramento street at a terrible rate, tearing down the East corner Telegraph post and tree guards along the side, in fact making a general sweep as they went along, fortunately, a pile of wood laying in front of Mr. Heyman, residence checked the speed of the team. The teamsters and others were speedily at the spot and cooled down the team that was in the act of kicking themselves to pieces. No damage done to the wagon or team worth mentioning.

WE hear of several processes being used for the reduction of quartz, in the southern counties with varied success. It is claimed for some however, among which is Mason's process, that quartz that has heretofore paid but three dollars per ton is made to pay five hundred per ton. In another column will be found an article upon the subject quartz. If the statements are true we have never estimated one hundredth part of the wealth of our State.

HAVING received no official returns from the Election, we are unable to give any report this week. But we are confident that Sanderson over Hartley, is elected by a large majority, also, that the Justice's for this precinct (Union), is also elected by large majority. I wonder how our Independent Orators feels by this time. Hey!

IMPROVEMENT.—We note that our efficient school directors are erecting a "condition," to our already commodious school-house. This would seem to demonstrate the fact that our community is infested with but few "baches," and that Benedicts usually perform their duty.

GENERAL ROSECRANS, passed through town on Monday, on his way down to San Francisco. We also learn that he will go East on the steamer of November 3d. His partner in mining business, J. P. Dunn, had his thigh broke by the explosion of the Yosemite.

A FIRE took place recently at Randolph, in Sierra Valley, destroying a barn, with twenty tons of hay, the property of E. Gates, a barn owned by Dr. Webber, and some empty stables and six or eight tons of baled hay, the property of one Middleton.

RAIL ROAD EXCHANGE.—This new Saloon, two doors above the water office, opens this evening, when our friend Cassidy will cater to the *Spirit-ual* wants of all who may call that way. Free blow-out! Clam Chouder and the appurtenances! We'll be "thar."

GONE IN.—All the "Independent" candidates for Justic of the Peace, of Township 4, had their boats landed, and the straight Union ticket triumphed over all opposition. It's no use to try the old wagon; she's staunch.

LATELY a wagon-load of yellow ochre, from Knight's Ferry, Stanislaus county, was shipped on the steamer Julia from Stockton for San Francisco.

THE telegraph line from San Andreas to Copperopolis has been completed, and is now in full operation.

THE hands on the Pacific Railroad are now at work at Red Bluff, a point about eight miles above Dutch Flat.

THE body of Patrick Fitzgerald, who was recently drowned from a wood barge in the Sacramento, has been recovered.

MURDER.—Wash Biddle murdered David Foster in Monterey county, last week, and made his escape.

FOR SENATOR.—A writer in the Calaveras Chronicle proposes General Halleck as candidate for United States Senator from California.

TRAITORS IN THE FIELD.—We learn from the *Territorial Enterprise* that the journal known as the Virginia *Daily Union* went over to the enemy, on the 17th, and is now manufacturing Democratic thunder at three cents per clap.

BLACKFOOT MINES.—The Portland *Oregonian* says:

"It has now become a settled fact that these mines are not only extensive, but that they bid fair to rival those of California in her palmiest days."

PRESIDENT JOHNSON AND THE SOUTH.

President Johnson's reply to the deputation of Southerners, which we published in full yesterday morning, gives a very clear indication of the spirit and temper which he brings to the task of reconstruction. It is a spirit of kindness, of magnanimity, of paramount devotion to the public good. Personally, in spite of the jeers and hatred with which the South greeted his adhesion to the Union cause, with a full recollection of the obloquy and suffering he has endured at the hands of the Southern people, he has no revenges to gratify, no resentments to indulge. He longs only to restore the old relations of amity between the different States, and different sections of the country, and to secure the highest welfare of the people everywhere. He charges upon the South all the responsibility of the rebellion—telling them they made the issue—but recognizing the frankness, sincerity and good faith with which they accept their defeat, and inviting, cordially and hopefully, their aid in whatever the new condition of affairs may require. He disclaims all wish to deal harshly with the Southern people, and cautions them against being alarmed or disturbed by the hostile speeches that may be made.

President JOHNSON proclaims his determination to be governed by the *Constitution*, in his policy toward the South. He does not accept the extreme rights of a conqueror, as his guide, nor does he regard the people of the South as a conquered enemy On the contrary, he thus sets forth his view of their relations to the nation:

"The day is not distant when we shall feel *like some family that has had a deep and desperate feud*, the various members of which have come together and compared the evils and sufferings they had inflicted upon each other. They had seen the influence of their error and its result, and governed by a generous spirit of conciliation, they had become mutually forbearing and forgiving, and return to their old habits of fraternal kindness, *and become better friends than ever.* Then let us consider that the feud which alienated us has been settled and adjusted to mutual satisfaction; that we come together to be bound by firmer bonds of love, respect, and confidence than ever. The North cannot get along without the South, nor the South without the North, the East without the West, nor the West without the East, and I say it is our duty to do all that lies in our power to perpetuate and make stronger the bonds of our Union, seeing that it is for the common good of all that we should be united."

These are generous words; and they will be echoed by the great body of the people from one end of the land to the other. This Union is to be perpetuated. Now that slavery is extinct, all section have a common interest in its preservation. We have now no interest to divide the North from the South—no institution cherished by one section and hated by the other. We have now none but common interests, common objects and aims, and we must cherish common sympathies and common sentiments in their pursuit.

Upon another point of importance President Johnson is equally emphatic. There is a strong tendency in many quarters to regard State Rights as wholly overthrown, and the national authority as having been established over all matters even of domestic and local concern. The President thus defines his position on that subject:

"While I think that the rebellion has been arrested and subdued, and am happy in the consciousness of a duty well-performed, I want not only you but the people of the world, to know that while I dreaded and feared disintegration of the States, *I am equally opposed to consolidation and concentration of power here, under whatever name or guise they bear; and if the issue is forced upon us, I shall endeavor to pursue the same efforts to dissuade from this doctrine of running to extremes.* But I say let the same rules be applied. Let the Constitution be our guide. Let the preservation of that and the Union of States be our principal aim. Let it be our hope that the Government may be perpetual, and that the principles of the Government, founded as they are on right and justice, may be handed down without spot or blemish to our posterity."

Mr. JOHNSON intends, in all his action upon the questions to which the war has given rise, to follow the Constitution and be governed by its provisions. He does not regard its authority as having been destroyed or impaired by the war. Whatever has been done has been done by virtue of powers conferred by it expresaly for such emergencies: and now that the necessity for exercising those powers is rapidly disappearing, he is for maintaining its anthority and acting rigidly within the line of its requirements.

We believe the People will sustain and applaud this poiicy. It is the only one that can be pursued with safety and with a wise regard for the public good. The action of the Democratic party in this State proves that they recognize its strength, and dare not array themselves against it.—*N. Y. Times.*

IDAHO ITEMS.

On Wednesday in the upper end of town some man shot a Chinaman—for reasons no matter what; there is none that we know of. The Chinese in Idaho are very harmless and very industrious, and we will venture to say that such is not the character of the man, whoever he is, that kills one of them when there is no provocation. In this instance the white man pleads aggravated provocation which is hardly reasonable. To kill a Chinaman, or a defenceless woman, or to strangle a canary bird—one is about as brave an act as the other.

A row occurred at the hurdy house, on Montgomery street, on Thursday night, during which a pistol was discharged by George Libby while in the act of striking Lubeck, alias "Dutchy," with the weapon. "Dutchy" was bruised considerably about the head, but the wounds were not serious. An examination of the matter was made before Justice McGownd on Friday, which resulted in the holding over of George Libby, John Beckney and Lubeck, to await examination by the Grand Jury. Bonds fixed at $500 each.

A Mr. Fuel ["Farmer"?] arrived here this week from the Blackfoot country. He says most of the crowd now rushing into that country will find an excellent opportunity to starve to death this winter. Provisions are not plenty, but the population is increasing very rapidly—rushing in from every quarter.

Major Ferrand is mentioned in connection with a recent attempt to raise a Vigilance Committee. He assisted the Sheriff in maintaining his authority.

The Chinamen shot by Hiram Kurtz on Wednesday morning, died on Thursday night. Kurtz waived an examination, and was committed to the County Jail by Justice McGownd.

A man by the name of George Mooney was killed last Saturday at one of the livery stables in this place, by the kick of a mule.

THE UNWORTHY REMAINDER.—Governor Hamilton, of Texas, has the right idea. He tells the people to place no confidence in those original secessionists who, after the experiences of four years in the futile attempts to dissolve the Union, are now saying the South is whipped but not conquered. Such are just as badly rebels at heart as they were during the war; their repentance is a lie, and their pardon-seeking an insult to honesty and Northern generosity. They cannot be trusted; they are only part men. Their greater part is composed of devil's tongues and tails.

THE FENIANS MEAN AND CAN FIGHT.—The Virginia City *Enterprise* says: It is evident that if the Fenians mean fight—and who can doubt it?—and are prepared for the struggle, a collision cannot be long deferred. The indications are that the veil which has so long shrouded the Brotherhood in mystery will be lifted, and from every quarter of the globe will be seen pouring thousands of sturdy warriors for the redemption of their native land. Should the revolution succeed it will inaugurate a new era in the history of the world. It will teach the oppressors of every land that a people may be disarmed, transported, ground into the earth by the heel of tyranny, and still rise by very virtue of their oppression and achieve their liberation. The manner in which Ireland has been ruled for the last half century or more, has driven the people into exile by thousands yearly, much to the comfort of short-sighted English statesmen. Behold the result! Transplanted to another soil, the exiles have found the means of revolution, and with an undiminished love of country, and a hatred to the oppressor intensified by the enjoyment of the blessing of freedom, they are arming for the liberation fo the land of their birth. In the United States, in Canada, in Australia, and in England as well as in Ireland, the sons of the Green Isle are leagued, and so perfect is the organization that the British Government will have to tax its utmost energies to meet the systematic assaults of the Brotherhood. The organization is well suppl'ed with funds, with arms, and with an abundance of enrolled members to use them. It has the sympathies of Europe and America, and can confidently count upon the secret assistance of the people of both. France regards the prospect of Irish independence with pleasure, and it is by no means certain that Napoleon has not given the Fenians some substantial encouragement. Under the circumstances, we have reason to anticipate a most gallant fight by the Brotherhood, whenever the struggle may be inaugurated, if not a final triumph.

OUR COPPER WEALTH.—The following, from the commercial columns of the New York Express, shows that our copper mines are beginning to attract considerable attention among business men at the East:

"We alluded some time since to the immense copper deposits in California; and the shipments of ore we notice are steadily increasing. In the month of June two large clipper ships, one for England and the other for Boston, were dispatched heavily freighted with ore, while four other vessels, two of them for England and two for Atlantic cities, were on the berth loading. Since then the clipper ship Derby has been chartered for Swansea, England. These mines are located chiefly at Copperopolis, and there is always a large amount of ore on hand, owing to the productiveness of the mines, and the ease with which the ore is taken out. The richest ore is found at Copperopolis, about thirty-five miles from navigable water. The formation conforms to all the requirements of theoretical and practical geology, and, so far as developed, shows the most extensive ever known. Previous to the discovery and working of the Lake Superior mines, England furnished the largest amount of copper of any country in the world. The discovery of these mines in California is destined to work a complete revolution in the copper business, as thousands of tons are yearly shipped to England, which seems like carrying coals to Newcastle. All this only goes to show the richness of our Pacific possessions.—This also furnishes a return freight for our clipper-ships."

WASAINGTON, Oct. 11.—The following proclamation was issued to-day:

EXECUTIVE OFFICE.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 11, 1865.

Whereas, the following named persons, to-wit: John A. Campbell, of Alabama; John A. Regan, of Texas; Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia; George A. Trenholm, of South Carolina; and Chas. Clark, of Mississippi, lately engaged in rebellion against the United States Government, and who are now in close custody, have made their submission to the authority of the United States, and applied to the President for pardon, under his proclamation; and whereas, the authority of the Federal Government being sufficiently restored in the aforesaid States to admit of the enlargement of said persons from custody; it is ordered that they be released on giving their respective parole to appear at such time and place as the President may designate, to answer any charge that he may deem to be preferred against them; also, that they will respectively abide, until further orders, in places herein designated, and not depart therefrom: John A. Campbell, in Alabama; John H. Regan, in Texas; Alex. H. Stephens, in Georgia; George A. Trenholm, in South Carolina; and Chas. Clark, in Mississippi. If the President should grant pardon to any of said persons, such persons paroled will thereby be discharged.

ANDY JOHNSON.

NOVEL AND HARMLESS DUEL.—The *Union Bretenne* publishes the following anecdote:

A quarrel took place about some trifle between Sir Edward K——, an English gentleman very well known in Paris, and another sportsman not less famous, Baron R——. The seconds had in vain endeavored to reconcile them, and it was necessary to have recourse to arms; but, as both the principals were first-rate shots and swordsmen, it was agreed that they should fight with—cigars. Two cigars, similar in every external respect, but one of them prepared in such a manner that it should explode, and prove mortal to the smoker, were placed on a table. The combatants drew lots for the first choice. The novel weapons of war were then lighted, and after a few puffs an explosion took place and Sir Edward fell on his back. He, however, immediately got up, and was surrounded by the seconds, while his adversary offered him his hand. "Gentlemen," then said one of the seconds, "you have both of you shown the greatest courage, since you were both of you ignorant of the effects of the explosion. M. H——(the other second) and I agreed to put only a little gun-cotton in one of the cigars. And now let us to dinner. May such be the end of every duel." The meeting is said to have taken place on the Belgian frontier.

RICHES OF THE WILLAMETTE.—The *Oregonian* says that within the Willamette Valley, lying between the Cascade and Coast ranges of mountains, there are in round numbers, 3,000,000 acres of land 2,000,000 of which ars first-class arable lands, while the remaining 1,000,000 acres, lying among the foot hills is well adapted to grazing and sheep husbandry. One third of this land, lying in a strip running through the center of the valley, 130 miles long by twelve miles wide, was estimated as being worth eight dollars per acre, or $8,000,000, and the remaining 2,000,000 of acres at two dollars per acre, or $4,000,000. The town property of the valley estimated at $3,000,000, giving a total of real estate in the Willamette Valley in 1864 of $15,000,000.

A GOOD YIELD.—We yesterday saw at the jewelry store of Mr. Young, C street, two bars of gold worth $777; about half the yield of five tons of ore from the Enterprise lead, Exelsior, reduced at the French mill, Nevada City, California. Full returns have not yet been received, but it is thought that the ore will pay at least $250 per ton. The bullion is worth $18 25 per ounce. The company had seventy sacks of even richer ore than this upon the Yosemite at the time of the boiler explosion. About twenty sacks were blown overboard and lost but the rest will probably be crushed in San Francisco and either reduced there or sent to Swansea. *Virginia Enterprise* 18.

GOOSE LAKE.—This lake, says the Yreka *Journal*, in the eastern part of the county, is very high, and constantly rising every year. The cause of its rise cannot be accounted for, but if it continues to rise at the same rate, it will be but a few years more when it will be running into Pitt River Valley and swelling the Sacramento river. It now lacks about thirty feet of running over the dividing ridge. It is a very large lake and the water is as clear as crystal.

A FELLOW FROM THE COUNTRY ON CITY FASHIONS.—The editor of the *Journal* who lives away down in Willmington, Los Angeles county, was lately on a visit to San Francisco, and in alluding to the fashions on Montgomery street he unscrupulously say:

It was formerly customary for a person to speak of the "colors of the rainbow," but now the "colors of Montgomery street" is a more expressive term; and while gazing on the varied hues, the eyes are dazzled and the times seem changed. It was once easy to distinguish between male and female costumes; but since the capture of Jeff. Davis, and the general confusion now procalent in San Francisco, one has to be very cautious not to salute a lady for a gentleman and *vica versa*. Quite a number of the females appear to be wearing their "old man's" coat; others cover their snow-white necks with a stiff garotte collar, and they go sailing along with a little sailor straw hat and two pennants five or six feet long flung to the breeze. A modest, becoming attire is an exception, not the rule. It is rather pleasing to see this display; it gratifies the ladies' vanity; gives work to the milliners and dressmakers; enriches the merchants.

AN EXTINCT VOLCANO.—A prospecting party lately returned from the southeastern portion of the State, passed through what they very properly called a volcanic district. There is an immense basin full of the debris of volcanic origin, and lava, and scoria cover the face of the earth for ten miles. The mountain that contained the crater has the appearance of having been cleft in twain by some mighty internal force, from which poured forth the seething mass of lava in two streams which met in the valley beneath. Thousands of acres are covered with the huge masses of lava, in some instances fifty and even one hundred feet high. As an eruption would cease the masses of lava cooled until another eruption poured over this first layer, moving further down the valley, or rolling it up like scrolls, and setting immense flakes on edge like drifted ice. For many miles around the plains and mountains are strewed with ashes and cinders. Some of the party examined the crater, which they judged to be eighty feet deep and two hundred feet in diameter. Upon its rim and down its sides were still hanging large masses in every conceivable shape. Some very beautiful specimens of lava and crystals were brought town.—*Austin Reveille.*

IRISH EMIGRATION AND FENIANISM.—It is very likely (says the New York *Herald* of the 23d ult.) that the marked decline in Irish immigration for the past few months since the close of the war, may be attributed to Fenianism in Ireland and in this country. Quite a large number of officers of the Federal army have gone to Ireland since last April, and they have no doubt advised the people against emigration. The fact is that the Irish peasantry are of opinion that they will be soon wanted at home, and they are consequently remaining there. In truth, the emigration at the present time is rather from this country to Ireland than from Ireland here. Probably there are now scattered over the island, at different points, not less than fifty thousand soldiers of the American army who fought in the late war. Their advent to that country is not taken much note of, perhaps, because they have gone in small parties, and have landed for the most part in Liverpool, and have thence transferred themselves unostentatiously to different ports in Ireland. These facts we opine will account for the decline of emigration.

THERE is very little news from the mines of Owen's river of special interest. In the Kearsage district the company of the same name are prosecuting their labors with very cheering prospects. This is the only company doing any work, the others preferring to wait and avail themselves of whatever facts the Kearsage Company may develop. The new mines about "Hot Springs," about fifty miles from Aurora, are attracting the most attention. One poor affair of a mill, run by *hot* wather, and only four stamps, is clearing over one hundred dollars per day to its owners (the Diana Company), out of third grade ore. All the mines in that vicinity certainly look very promising. There is quite a movement from Aurora and Montgomery District to the scene of the new discoveries, and new buildings are going up rapidly.

The Placerville *Mirror* says: A gentleman, while out gunning above town yesterday morning, heard his dogs making a terrible row at a little distance. On reaching the spot he found that they had tackled a decidedly "rough" customer in the shape of a full grown porcupine, and had succeeded in nearly tearing it to pieces. As may be supposed the plucky dogs were in an awful condition. Their lips, noses, tongues, and even the roofs of their mouths were stunk so full of the peaky critter's quills that on returning to town it took full two hours with a pair of plyers to extricate the whole of them. Many of the quills were driven so far through the lips that it was easier to draw them out forwards than backwards. We guess the dogs will stick to rabbit hunting after this and let porcupine alone.

THE Clear Lake *Journal* has the following: Two sulphur claims have been located at the foot of Uncle Sam mountain, near the residence of J. H. Jameson—one of which is now being prospected by Dr. Adams and others, with indications of proving equally as valuable as the sulphur mine located a short distance from Borax Lake, which has been worked successfull and profitably for several years. The claim has not yet been prospected, but specimens of almost pure sulphur are abundant upon the surface. Close to the locations is gas issuing from the earth which will kill instantly birds and insects which come in contact with it. We understand that it is the intention of the owners to prosecute their labors until the mines are thoroughly developed and their true value ascertained.

HOW DID IT GET THERE.—A short time since, the workmen in the Star Spangled Banner struck a cave in their ledge. So far as known, there is no opening from the cave to the surface, save through the tunnel of the above named claim. Near the edge of the cave seventy feet under ground and encased in solid quartz, a grape shot, apparently of cast iron, as perfect in form and as smooth as though just taken from the mould, was found. It weighs about twenty and a half ounces. The rock was taken out of the ledge and hauled to the mill. In breaking the quartz for the battery, the ball of iron was knocked out, leaving its shape in the rock. The question is, how it got there. Is it a formation of iron in the rock, or one of Jove's thunderbolts, or is it a relic of some race of people who knew its use in war?—*Nevada Transcript.*

CLEVER YANKEES SOUTH.—Persons who have been visiting the Southern States since the downfall of rebellion, say that large numbers of enterprising are settling there and taking the lead in the renewal of trade and industry. Among the new "uns" are some Californians of considerable reputation. For example, J. C. McKibbin, formerly a member of Congress from California, and lately an officer in the Federal army, is in Mobile with an immense quantity of merchandise with which his friends in Philadelphia have supplied him. He has a great store-house and his thousands of customers are pleased with "this Yankee" and call him "clever."

The Yreka *Journal* says: More Chinamen are being employed this year in this county by white men than ever before, from the desire to get claims worked cheaper. Scott river, which used to be a great field for white labor, is now overrun with Chinamen, who work at so low rates that white men cannot compete.

A REAL TRAGEDY.—There was a terrible and unrehearsed tradgedy at Wood's Museum, Chicago, on the 20th ult. George B. Beach, connected with that establishment as a utility man, was shot dead by his wife, on the stage of the theater, just before the theater was opened for the evening. The parties had lived together in enmity, which culumninated in the awful affair we have mentioned.

DIED.

At Little York, on the 15th of October, Mr. CALVIN REMINGTON, aged 40 year. He expired at 5 P. M.

BORN.

At Herbert's Ranch, near Dutch Flat, October 10th. The wife of JOHN L. HERBERT, of a son.

R. H. McDONALD, J. C. SPENCER.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Corner of Sansome and Pine
Streets, San Francisco.

IMPORTING WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

Sacramento and San Francisco.

139 J street. Cor. Sansome and Pine sts. 139 J street.

We most respectfully invite the attention of
DRUGGISTS, DENTISTS, PHYSICIANS' SURGEONS,
MERCHANTS, MILLMEN, ASSAYERS, BREWERS,
SODA WATER MANUFACTURERS and others,

To our well-assorted stock of articles in their line of business,

Drugs and Medecines,	Herbs and Fluid Extracts,
Paints and Oils,	Corks, every variety,
Dental Goods,	Acids,
Surgical Instruments,	Marble Dust,
Elastic Stockings,	Plaster,
Trusses and Supporters,	Blue Stone,
Druggists' Glassware,	Sal. Ammoniac,
Irish Moss,	Coppers,
Leeches,	Retorts and Crucible

Together with a complete assortment in the Drug line.

Our Senior Partner is now residing at the East, giving his personal attention to the purchasing and shipping of supplies. We are thereby enabled to furnish goods of the **First Quality at Very Low Prices.** We will not be undersold by any house in California.

We would respectfully solicit those dealing in our line to examine and price our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.
Sacramento and San Francisco.

oc21-y

R. H. McDONALD & CO.
SACRAMENTO
—AND—
SAN FRANCISCO.
IMPORTERS OF

DENTAL AND SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,

Teeth, Gold Foil, Forceps of all kinds, Dental Cases, all sizes, with and without Instrument; Vulcanizers, and all Materials for doing Vulcanite Work; Burrs, Drills and Excavators; Anatomical Preparations.

IN SHORT EVERYTHING USED BY THE DENTAL PROFESSION.

Our Stock was never better than at present.

BOOKS.

We have constantly on hand all the

Standard Works on Dentistry.

Are Agents for the "DENTAL COSMOS," published in Philadelphia, which is the best monthly work on Dentistry published.

The Dental profession can rely upon having their orders filled in the best possible manner and with dispatch.

R. H. McDONLD & CO.,
Sacramento and San Francisco.

oc21-y

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF BROOKS JUDD, DECEASED.—Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Administrator of the above named estate, to be creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers within ten month's from the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned, either at the law office of HALE & FELLOWS, corner of Court and Commercial streets, in the town of Auburn, or at my place of business in the village of Gold Run, Placer county.

WM. JUDD,
Administrator.

Oct. 21, 1865. 5t.

Lebanon Mining Company, Prospect Hill, Placer County.

NOTICE is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of the above named Company, held at the office of the company on Prospect Hill, on the 13th day of October, 1865, an Assessment of Three dollars per share, was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable to the Secretary, at his office on Prospect Hill, in United States gold and silver coin. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid, on the 13th day of November, 1865, will be advertised as delinquent, and unless payment be made before, will be sold on the 29th day of November, 1865, to pay the delinquent assessments together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

H. T. KELLER, Secretary.

Oct. 21 1865. 1m

Excelsior Gold and Silver Mining Company, Excelsior District, Nevada County.

NOTICE.—There is delinquent upon the following described stock of the above named Company, on account of assessments, levied August 24th, 1865, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective stockholders, as follows:

Names.	No. Cert.	No. Share	Am't.
W. H. Thomas	98	10	2 00

And in accordance with the laws of the State of California and an order of the Board of Trustees, made on 13th day of October, 1865, so many shares of each parcel of said stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in United States gold coin, in front of the office of the Company, in Dutch Flat, Placer county, on the 13th day of November, 1865, at 12 o'clock, A. M., to pay said delinquent assessments, together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

JOHN MEYER, Secretary.
Office, Main street, Dutch Flat.

Oct. 13 tds

DIVINE SERVICE.

UNION CHURCH.—There will be preaching in the Union Church to-morrow at half-past ten o'clock, A. M., and half-past seven o'clock, P. M., by Rev. J. A. Johnson.

Sabbath School at the Union Church at half-past one o'clock, P. M.

M. E. CHURCH.—Preaching every Sunday at half-past ten, A. M., and at half-past seven, P. M. All are invited to attend.

Sabbath School and Bible Class at the Church at half-past ten o'clock, P. M.

B. F. MOORE, BANKER.
(SUCCESSOR TO HALL & ALLEN)
GOLD RUN AND DUTCH FLAT.

Will attend to collections, procure Eastern and European exchanges, drawn by Wells, Fargo & Co., or others.

General or Special Deposits received, and transact a general banking business.

Having an assay office connected with the Dutch Flat branch, I am enabled to test every quality of Gold Dust and pay the highest relative price.

Also agent of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express, Pioneer Stage Co., and Phœnix (of Hartford) Insurance Co. Oct8-3m

NOTICE,

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE IN MY possession a small dark iron gray horse, branded on the right hip with III four inches long, white left hind foot, and is between three and four years old. The said horse is supposed to have been stolen. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property and take him away, or it will be dealt with according to law. The horse can be seen at any time by calling at FLEISCHER'S STATION, 2½ miles above Dutch Flat.

oc20-1m

FAMILY GROCERY STORE,
UNDER MASONIC HALL,
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT, CALIFORNIA.

THANKFUL FOR THE PATRONAGE HERETOfore bestowed upon him, respectfully announces that he continues to keep on hand a full assortment of

Family and Miners' Groceries,
Can and Preserved Fruits,
Oysters, Lobsters and Sardines,
Fresh Vegetables, all kinds,
Powder, Fuse and Nails,
Crockery, Earthen and Tinware.

With every other article for family use, which he is prepared to sell at prices that cannot fail to satisfy. Every accommodation afforded to customers.

my27tf G. S. MAKER.

Dental Books.

We keep constantly on hand a supply of all the most approved Standard Works on Dentistry. Gentlemen will be to keep a large and well selected stock of all Dental Material, where the Dental Profession may confidently rely upon having their orders filled in the most possible manner.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Sacramento, 139 J street,
San Francisco, cor. Pine and Sansome
[jy2-6]

50,000 CIGARS at wholesale at BURCKHALTER'S

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL PRINTING done at this office.

UNITED STATES 7-30 LOAN.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF THE Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General Subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. interest per annum, known as the

SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.

These Notes are issued under date June 15th, 1865, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible, at the option of the holder, into

United States 5-20 Six per cent.

GOLD BEARING BONDS

These bonds are now worth a premium of nine per cent. including gold interest from November, which makes the actual profit on the 7-30 loan at current rates, including interest, about 10 per cent. per annum, besides its EXEMPTION FROM STATE AND MUNICIPAL TAXATION, WHICH ADDS FROM ONE TO THREE PER CENT. MORE, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable in currency semi-annually, by coupons attached to each note which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to
One cent per day on a $50 note.
Two cents per day on a $100 note.
Ten cents per day on a $500 note.
Twenty cents per day on a $1,000 note.
One dollar per day on a $5,000 note.

Notes of all denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET

now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it the

Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than $300,000,000 of the loan authorized by the last Congress, are now on the market.

This amount at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within four months, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loans, the National Bank, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE,
Subscription Agent, Philadelphia.

March 25, 1865. ma6 3m2p

ADDENDUM.

PER OVERLAND TELEGRAPH:

PHILADELPHIA, May 17th, 1865.

2d Series all sold. Commenced on third Series. Two Hundred and Thirty Millions (230,000,000) precisely like other two Series, except dated 15th July, and Government reserves the right to pay six per cent. in Gold instead of 7-30 Currency.

JAY COOKE,
Subscription Agent, Philadelphia.

GROCESIES AND PROVISIONS.

LAMP CHIMNEYS, All sizes;
" BURNERS, "
" POUNTS, "
" WICKS, "
" SHADES, etc.,
my27tf at BURCKHALTER'S.

CALIFORNIA POWDER AGENCY.

I HAVE THE AGENCY OF THE EUREKA POWDER COMPANY for the following places:
Dutch Flat, Gold Run, Little York, You Bet, Red Dog, etc.

Merchants wishing Eureka Powder will be furnished at Agents' rates, and freight from San Francisco.

my27tf P. BURKHALTER.

NAILS,
Miners' Tools,
Hardware,
Blasting Powder,
Tin Ware,

And a genera assortment of
Family Groceries and Provisions, at
my27tf BURCKHALTER'S.

CROCKERY, GLASS AND STONE-WARE, AT Wholesale, at
my27tf BURCKHALTER'S.

SAZERAC BRANDY—OLD BRAND—AT wholesale, at
my27tf BURCKHALTER'S.

OLD RYE AND BOURBON WHISKEY—Pure article, at wholesale, at
my27tf BURCKHALTER'S.

KEROSENE STAND LAMPS;
HANG LAMPS,
BRACKET LAMPS,
At Wholesale, at my27tf BURCKHALTER'S.

KEROSENE OIL,
Castor Oil,
Neat's Foot Oil,
Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil,
Turpentine,
Window Glass, Window Sash, White Lead
my27tf at BURCKHALTER'S.

RATTLESNAKE GOLD AND SILVER MINING COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of said Company held on the 7th of September, an assessment of fifteen (15) cents per share was levied on the Capital stock of said Company, payable to the Secretary, at the office of the company in Dutch Flat, Placer county, California. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 7th of October, 1865, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made on or before, will be sold on Wednesday, the 25th day of October, 1865, to pay delinquent assessment, together with cost of advertising and expenses of sale.

T. J. NICHOLS, Sec'y.

Dutch Flat, Sept. 8, 1865.

Union Gold and Silver Mining Company, Excelsior District.

NOTICE is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said Company held on Monday, the 14th day of August, 1865, an assessment of One Dollar ($1) per share was levied upon each and every share of the capital stock of said Company, payable on or before the 14th day of Sept., 1865, to the Secretary in United States gold coin, at his office in Dutch Flat, Placer county. Any stock or shares upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 14th day of Sept., 1865, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made before will be sold on the 30th day of September, 1865, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

E. B. BOUST, Sec'y.

Dutch Flat, Aug. 14, 1865. td

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees, held on the 2d day of October, it was ordered that the above notice be published for one month additional, from the 7th day of October to the 7th day of November. All stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 7th of November, will be sold to pay the delinquent assessment and cost of sale.

E. B. BOUST, Sec'y.

oct-td

DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

UNION COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

D. L. ALLEN	Township No. 1
G. D. ALDRICH	Township No. 2
WM. SEXTON	Township No. 3
E. B. BOUST	Township No. 4
A. G. READ	Township No. 5
B.D. BURT	Township No. 6
M. H. POWER	Township No. 7
H. L. KILBURN	Township No. 8
J. T. KINCAID	Township No. 9
M. WALDRON	Township No. 10
JAMES E. HALE	County at Large.
N. W. BLANCHARD	County at Large.

THE Oroville *Union* relates the particulars of a ferocious Digger fight near Stringtown. Two or three years ago, one of the Kanaka Peak Indians, by the name of Harry, killed a Swede Flat Indian, the friends of whom have been watching for a chance of revenge, but Harry kept out of their way, so that no chance ocotired until Monday afternoon, the evening of which the annual burning of the Stringtown Indians was to take place, at the old Grave yard on Oregon creek, about a mile from this town. The Kanaka Peak Indians, including Harry, were present; also, eight or ten from Swede Flat, one of whom, on seeing Harry, shot at and badly wounded him, when twenty shots where fired, without further damage, when it stopped. In about an hour afterwards, Capt. Ellis, who was chief of all the Indians present, but a member of Kanaka Feak camp, hearing of the fight, came towards the corral built for the burning to take place in. When within fifty feet of the entrance of the corral, he was shot and instantly killed by one of the Stringtown Indians, when the battle was renewed and kept up until about one hundred shots were fired, many of which proved fatal. Four of the dead belong to the Kanaka Peak camp were left on the field as they made their hasty retreat. It is believed that several of the Swede Flat were killed and were carried off by their friends. Among the three companies, eight were mortally and as many more slightly wounded. None of the Strinfitown Indians were killed, but three are supposed to be mortally wounded.

At the Plumas County Agricultural Society's Fair, one of the premiums reads as follows:

"Special premium, by N. C. Cunningham, of an elegant jack-knife for the ugliest man." The committee of Ladies, to whom the matter was referred, decided in favor first of Senator Stewart, and then decided in favor of Judge Sexton, but finding both of them ineligible, on the ground of being non-residents, they awarded it to the donor, (Captain Cunningham) himself.

WM. H. Hastings, one of the Butte county Board of Supervisors, was shot and killed recently at Pine Creek. It is stated that he was shot by his partner Jocob Smith, with a large sized Colt's revolver, two balls entering his breast, either or which, it is said, would have caused his death. Uuon the receipt of the news at this place, the flag at the Court House floated at half mast during the day. Smith was brought to this place on Saturday, by H. Sunderlin, constable of Chico township, and is now confined in the county jail.—*Oroville Union.*

WILLIAM AUTRY, living on Pike Flat, in the suburbs of Grass Valley, has experimented, this year, with a patch of cotton, extending over a space of his garden, in three rows. It has blown finely, says the *National*, and looks as well as any cotton we ever saw in the lower part of Arkansas or upper part of Louisiana. He is encouraged to try a more extensive cultivation of the plant next year, and, being somewhat experienced in a knowledge of cotton, from a long residence in the South, he is confident of sccess.

CANADIAN BONDS TO KEEP THE PEACE.—The Canadian authorities having paid over the sum stolen from the banks at St. Albans, Vermont, by the Rebel raiders—amounting to some seventy thousand dollars in gold and bank notes—the act may be regarded as bonds given by Canada as a guarantee for future good behavior. There will be no danger of Rebel raids from the Canadian border if the bill of expenses has to be footed by the Canadian people.

REGISTERED VOTERS.—On the eigth page of the *Enterprise* of this morning will be found the official list of the registered voters of Storey for the coming election. The list comprises some thirty-three hundred names, and is published gratuitously for the information of our many readers and the benefit of the county treasury. We cannot permit any consideration of time or expense to deprive our patrons of any valuable information within the reach of our facilities.—*Territorirl Enterprise.*

GORED TO DEATH.—Malvery W. Dimmock, of Ottowa, Illinois, was goared to death by an elk in a park belonging to Judge Caton, near that city, on the 19th of September, while visiting the park with his brother and another gentleman. The elks were enclosed by themselves in a separate lot, and had not the visitors jumped the high fence to get where they were, they would not have been molested.

A DARKEY couple got married in a church at Richmond recently, and were on their way home when the patrol picked them up for making a noise in the streets, and put them in the guard house, where they remained until morning. They spent their honeymoon "sitting up." Sambo when released with his bride, kissed her with great feavor, remarking, "Let's trabel straight home, and finish up dis spree 'fore we's took agin."

ANTIETAM.—Ten acres of the Antietam battlefield have been purchased near the bridge where Burnside's troops fought so bravely, as a site for a Cemetery in which to bury the remains of the men who fell in that memorable battle. The work of interring the remains in the Cemetery is now in progress. There are some 7,000 or 8000 buried on the field. Thus far, 2,600 bodies have been identified, 1,704 by name, regiment and State, and 916 by their respective States.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.—John Switzler, living near Portland, Oregon, was instantly killed on the 10th instant. It was done in the usual way, viz: In crossing a picket fence he left his gun with the barrel laying between the pickets until he could climb over. Reaching the opposite side he undertook to draw the gun through to him, and it accidenttally discharged, lodging the contents in his abdomen.

FENIANS.—Archbishop Kenrick, of the Roman Catholic Diocese of St Louis, forbid the funeral ceremonies announced to take place in St. Patrick's Church of that city, over the remains of the late Deputy Head Center of the Fenian Brotherhood, and has instructed the authorities of the Roman Catholic Cemetery not to admit to the cemetry any processin of men or women wearing or carrying the Fenian insignia.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—Tabb Mitchell, one of the proprietors of the Placer *Herald*, was waylaid by a highwayman, between Colfax and Bear river, last week, and robbed of about fifty dollars. So says the Stars and Stripes, which paper wonders how a newspaper man came by so much money.

NEW ORLEANS.—A letter from New Orleans says: "Since the return of peace business has been steadily increasing, and our markets will make quite a good show in the commercial records of the country."

RETRIBUTION.—The pro-slavery assassin who killed the Rev. E. P. Lovejoy in Illinois in 1837, was cut all to pieces in a New Orleans bar-room. The man who fired his printing office died in the Ohio Penitentiury.

ABOUT the beginning of the war, Hon. Henry W. Hilliard, M. C., of Alabama, had ready for the press a work entitled *De Vere*, which was captured at Nashville, upon the fall of that city. Mr. Hilliard is now making an effort to recover his lost manuscript.

DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing and known under the style and name of Lumbard & Giles, was dissolved by mutual consent on October 10th, 1865. H. Lumbard is authorized to collect all bills and receipt for the same, and pay all outstanding indebtedness of the old firm.

H. LUMBARD,
J. GILES.

October 10, 1864. 1m

NOTICE.

AT a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Excelsior Consolidated Gold and Silver Mining Company held on the 7th day of October, 1865, the following order was ordered for publication: That the sale of Tennessee Carriger, William Jackson, and A. Wedemeyer stock, sold on the 15th day of July, 1865, was illegal and therefore null and void. The following is a list issued for the stock sold out that day:

NUMBER.	SHARES.
141	40
144	75
146	50
148	25
149	25
150	100
165	20
166	20

Any person having any of the above numbers of certificates in their possession are requested to return the same to the Secretary. Also, those having paid assessments on any of the above numbers of certificates can call at the office of the Secretary and the money will be refunded.

By order of the Board.
JOHN MEYER, Secretary.

Dutch Flat, Oct. 12, 1865. 1m

List of Letters

Remaining unclaimed in the Post Office at Dutch Flat, Placer County, California, October 1st, 1865.

AYMAR, Mrs. E.	HATHAWAY, D. F.	Paine, H. F.
BOWKER, Henry	Hanes, S. A.	Pitter, James A.
Brown, Mrs. Jennie	Helling, Henry	Parsons, Wm.
Burke Wm. A.	Hefling, Mrs. O.	ROACH, MICHAEL.
Brink, Dr. Wm. B.	Harden, D. M.	Roberts, Wm.
CARTER, Geo. 2	KESKEYS, D.	QUINTON, Miss E.
Carpenter, N. F.	LEACH, M. F.	Quinton, S.
Chapman, Roswell	Lee, C. O.	STEFFEN, Wm. J.
Chase, E. P.	Lincoln, Joshua	Saul, C.
DANE, L.	Luelling, H. W.	Shirley, Mrs. J. 2
Davis, A. H.	MAY, Geo.	Smith, R. B.
Dunn, J. C.	Montpleasure J. B	Stewart, Mrs. Tirze,
Deskins, Rush	Murphy, James	TINKER, J. A.
Davis, Wm.	Mailliour, Mrs.	Teal, H. H.
FORD, S. E.	Millen, Mrs. A	Tibbles, S. L. 3
Fenton, Thomas	Munday Mich.	WALLEN, JAS. 5
Forman, N.	Miller, Harrison,	Walker, A. M. 3
Files, N. G.	Miller, Daniel,	Waddell, G. T.
Forse, Dick.	Mariclee, J.	Weed, W. O.
Frick, J. B.	Monks, M. M.	Williams, John,
GOULBORDE, F.	NERVAIL, RICH'D,	Webb, W. B.
Grazer, August	PRATT, MRS. R. H.	Wardnel, S.

To obtain any of these letters, applicants must call for "Advertised Letters," and give the date of this list and pay two cents for advertising.

J. H. BOKE, P. M.

JUST RECEIVED!

DR. D. W. STRONG,
Druggist and Pharmaceutist,
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

HAS JUST RECEIVED AT THE DUTCH FLAT Drug Store, a large and well selected stock of

FRESH DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS,
ESSENTIAL OILS,
ECLECTIC AND PATENT MEDICINES,
TRUSSES,
SUSPENSARIES,
HAIR OILS,
PERFUMERY,
COMBS,
BRUSHES,
STATIONERY,
FINE CIGARS,
TOBACCO, etc. etc.
Also:
WHITE LEAD,
PAINT OILS,
GLASS, PUTTY,
VARNISHES and
TURPENTINE.

Besides a large assortment of COAL OIL, Lamps, and Kerosene Lamp Chimneys.

All of which will be disposed of

Cheap for Cash.

Cheaper than any other establishment in the county.

All the goods are of the best quality, and have been selected with the greatest care, and purchasers can therefore rely upon obtainining a good article at a less price than a poor article would be sold for elsewhere. CALL AND SEE.

Family Groceries.

Of the choicest quality, such as cannot be found at any other place in town, for sale cheap.

In connection with the above, I intend keeping on hand at all times a good assortment of

Fine Watches and Jewelry.

Which will be sold at lower prices than can be bought else where in the State.

apr1tf

UNCLE SAM SALOON,

(One door above Dr. Strong's Drug Store)
Main Street, Dutch Flat, California.

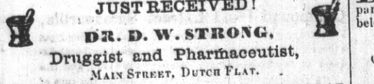
SAM SWANSON begs leave to inform the public that he has always the best

Wines, Liquors, Syrups and Cigars,

that can be purchased below, and invites those partial to pleasant beverages to give him a call. fe11-tf

PLACER BUTCHER SHOP.

Corner of Sacramento and Main streets,
Dutch Flat, Cal.



THE UNDERSIGNEED, having purchased this Favorite Market, will keep always on hand the best

Beef, Pork, Mutton and Home-made Sausage,

Which will be supplied to customers at the lowest market rates. Every accommodation guaranteed to the public.

April 8, 1865. tf CONRAD ROTH.

PLACER BREWERY.

Corner of Main and Sacramento Streets.

FRED. GROHS.....PROPLIETOR.

THE PROPRIETOR DESIRES TO INFORM THE public that he continues to brew

Lager Beer of the Best Quality,

my27tf

A. S. HALLIDIE & CO.

WIRE ROPE MANUFACTURERS, No. 412 CLAY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

Mining Companies, and others using rope, are informed that Wire Rope is Stronger, More Durable and Very Much Cheaper than any other kind of Rope, and it is not affected by atmospheric changes. We manufacture of every length and size.

Round Wire Rope.

Of IRON and STEEL, for hoisting purposes, Ferry Ropes and Derrick Guys.

Steel Wire Rope.

For Small Gear, for DERRICK FALL ROPES, very Durable and Light, with Suitable Blocks.

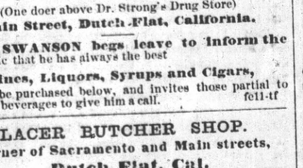
Flat Wire Rope,

For Hoisting from mines. Small sizes for Pump Belts. GALVANIZED IRON WIRE ROPE, for Stays and Guys. IRON AND COPPER WIRE CORD, for Hanging Window Sashes—Signal Cords, etc.

☞ And would refer to the many Companies who are using our Ropes, throughout California and the adjoining States. List of prices with strengths, &c., forwarded on application to the manufacturers. Oct8-6mis

75,000

MACHINES SOLD IN TWO YEARS.



NOTE.—The Singer Machine is the only Machine that will sew all kinds of cloth with all kinds of thread

The almost incredible increase in the sale of the Singer Machine during the past two years is owing to the popularity of the letter A transverse shuttle Family Machine which was introduced in 1860, since which time it has earned and established a reputation for family uses equal to the celebrated manufacturing machines of this firm, which are generally acknowledged even by dealers in other sewing Machines, to be unequalled for such purposes.

☞ NO OTHER Family Sewing Machine has such perfect and improved appliances for Ruffling, Hemming, Binding, Felling, Tucking, Gathering, Gauging, Braiding, Cording, Quilting, etc.

☞ To all persons requiring information about our Sewing Machines, their sizes, prices, working capacities, and the best method of purchasing, can obtain it by sending for a cypy of the

Singer Manufacturing Company's Illustrated Pamphlet

Which is entirely devoted to the subject. It will be sent gratis, with specimens of work.

LOCAL AGENTS IN EVERY TOWN.

WILLIAM BRODERICK,
General Agt for the Singer Manuf'g Co.

oct 8mis

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, &c.

COMPETITION DEFIED!

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

ADLER & HUDEPOHL,
STONE STORE, Main Street, Dutch Flat.

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM SAN FRANcisco where they purchased a large assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

FURNISHING GOODS,

Would respectfully call the attention of the Ladies and Gentlemen of this place, to their large Assortment. They are determined not to be undersold, and will endeavor to keep

THE BEST GOODS

That can be obtained in the market, both FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. They have at present every description of

FANCY DRY GOODS, and GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS!

Call and examine for yourselves. Our MOTTO is to PLEASE. apr-29-tf

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

CORNER OF STOCKTON AND MAIN STREETS.

L. WURSBURG & BRO.

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THE PEOPLE of Dutch Flat and neighboring places that they are prepared to open their fine assortment of

Fancy and Staple Dry-Goods,

At the corner of Main and Stockton streets, two doors above the Dutch Flat Hotel, where they invite all, especially the Ladies, to call and examine their really supeori stock of

Ladies' Furnishing Goods,

Together with an excellent stock of Gentlemen's Goods,

Hats, Boots and Shoes,

Of every description, and of the latest styles, cheap.

☞ Call in at the New Store. my13tf

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS!

HENRY LE CAMP,

DESIRES TO INFORM FHIS RIENDS AND THE public that having purchased the interest of his late partner, Mr. R. Hudepohl, he has just received from below a splendid lot of

Gentlemen's Clothing,

Consisting of Entire Suits, Hats, Boots, Undershirts, Handkerchiefs,

and every article necessary for a gentleman's wardrobe. Also, a large assortment of

Ladies' and Misses' Shoes,

Which he will sell as cheap as can be bought. He warrants all articles. Call and examine for yourselves. my6tf

SAN FRANCISCO STORE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS MOST RESPECTFULLY INform the citizens Dutch of Flat and vicinity that they have opened their Store, two doors above Burckhalter's store, and herewith solicit a share of patronage.

Our Store will always be found well stocked with the choicest brands of

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS.

Fine French Brandies, Wines and Domestic Liquors;
Case Liquors of all descriptions;
ckery and Glass-ware;
Kerosene and Kerosene Lamps;

A good assortment of

Wall Paper, Window Shades, etc.,

Besides a large assortment of all kinds of

Fancy Goods, Stationery, etc.

We shall endeavor to conduct our business so asto please and satisfy our patrons in every manner, and while our business shall be guided by the motto of

"Quick Sales and Small Profits,"

we expect to share the patronage of the public.

☞ Please give us a call.

A. FRANKLIN & CO.

Dutch Flat, June 24, 1865. tf

BOOKS, STATIONARY, CIGARS,

—AT THE—

POSTOFFICE NEWS DEPOT.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING PURCHASED THE interest of his former partner, Mr. Gross, has just returned from San Francisco where he purchased a full assortment of the

Best Havana Cigars,
Finest Chewing Tobacco,
Genuine Meerschaum Pipes,

School and Miscellaneous Books,
Blank Books and Stationary,

Of every description and price. A very excellent assortment of

Fine Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, and Gold Pens,

Together with a fine supply of

Toilette Articles, Perfumes, Etc.,

all of which he is prepared to sell at prices that defy competion—for cash. Give me a call in your wanderings.

ma6-tf JOHN H. BOKE.

MASON & WHITE,

GOLD RUN, PLACER COUNTY,
Dealers in
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Have just opened a fine stock of

Ladies Dress Goods and Trimmings,
Calicos, Sheetings,

BOOTS AND SHOES, CLOTHING,
MATRASSES, &c.

And we would call attention to our stock of

Groceries,
Provisions,
Hardware,
Cutlery, Liquors,
TOBACCO, &c, &c..

Which we offer at very low figures for CASH.

We wish it distinctly understood that we have not adopted

A NEW PRINCIPLE

in our weights and measures, for we have taken pains to get those of a lawful standard at the commencement

☞ All goods we sell will be warranted and delivered free of charge.☜

We respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

DUTCH FLAT BAKERY.

SOUTH SIDE OF MAIN STREET.

HENRY RUNKLE.....PROPRIETOR.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS OLD ESTABlished Bakery tenders his thanks to the citizens of Dutch Flat and neighborhood for the very liberal and generous patronage heretofore bestowed and assures them that he will endeavor to keep up the reputation of his establishment.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies

always on hand. He is also prepared to furnish to families and miners every Saturday with

Fresh Brown Bread.

Persons wishing it fresh will please leave their orders. jan10-v4-tf

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

THEODORE SCHUBERT & CO.,
BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURERS,
MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE THE BREWERY.

HAVING MADE ARRANGEMENTS BY which they are enabled to manufacture

BOOTS AND SHOES

Almost as low as they can be purchased in the stores, desire to inform the citizens of Dutch Flat and surrounding places that they will manufacture

Gents' Fine Dress Boots,

Of the best quality, and from $8 to $12, and

All Work Guaranteed.

We have received a lot of the New Patent Lasts, and gentlemen troubled with corns can have Boots made in such a manner as will secure them ease and comfort

REPAIRING DONE in the best manner, as usual.

☞ Those in want of anything in our line are hereby requested to call. my27tf

WOOD AND COAL FOR SALE.

A LARGE QUANTITY OF SPRUCE, OAK AND PINE WOOD, delivered in quantities to suitpurchasers. Also on hand about

1000 Bushels of Charcoal,

Which will be sold on reasonable terms. All orders left with O. N. SWIFT, at the Drug Store, will receive prompt attention. jy1 1m

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

DUTCH FLAT HOTEL.

Corner of Main and Stockton Streets.

THE Proprietor of this well established and First Class Hotel respectfully announces to the public generally that he has completed his arrangements whereby he is prepared to accommodate ALL who may favor him with a call with the best accommodations.

The Hotel Table,

Will constantly be supplied with the delicacies of the season, combining he game and fish of the mountains with the best fruit and vegetables of the valleys.

The Bedrooms

In this hotel are large and well ventilated, and particular attention pale to the bedding and bedrom furniture, and the general comfort of guests.

The Pioneer Company's Stages

Stop at this Hotel twice a day, on their way to and from Virginie City. The Proprietor tenders his thanks for the patronage heretofore conferred on the house and will endeavor to merit a continnance of the same. my12 64-tf

NATIONAL HOTEL,

Main Street, Dutch Flat, California.

J. M. GAROUTTE.....PROPRIETOR

THE subscriber having leased the above establishment, respectfully announces to the public that he intends to keep the house in a manner which will warrant the satisfaction of those who may favor him with a call. Knowing the wants of the public he will keep the people supplied with the best viands. His accommodations are such that cannot fail to meet the demand of those who know the comforts of

Clean Beds and Well Aired Rooms.

Attending strictly to the management of the house personally he will endeavor to render ALL favoring him with their patronage, comfortable.

The house has been thoroughly renovated, being plastered throughout, and the rooms large and airy, will make it one of the most desirable houses to stop at the mountains. my15-tf

HACKETT'S HOTEL,

Main Sfeet, Gold Run, Pacer County.

HENRY HACKETT.....PROPRIETOR.

HAVING ALMOST COMPLETED HIS fine and commodious building which is in progress of being furnished entire with new and convenient furniture, the proprietor of the above named house is enabled to offer

BETTER ACCOMMODATIONS

to the traveling public than can be obtained elsewhere in the town, and from his long experience in catering to the wants of the public he flatters himself that he can render entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call.

THE CULINARY DEPARTMENT

Being under the supervision of an experienced and accomplished cook patrons can rely upon having at all times the best the market affords.

THE BAR

Will be always stocked with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

THE ROOMS are large and airy and the beds and bedding clean and comfortable, making the establishment, when completed one of the best in the mountains.

In connection with the house the proprietor has fitted an excellent

Hay, Grain and Feed Stable,

for the use of Teamsters and the traveling public generally. se 16 tf.

GOLD RUN HOTEL,

Main street, Gold Run, Placer County.

GEORGE W. THORNE.....LESSEE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING LEASED the entire interest in the above house, respectfully calls the attention of Travelers and Teamsters generally to the

SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS

which he is prepared to offer them. The Table will always be supplied with the best the market affords, and the Bar with the

Choicest Liquors and Cigars.

In connection with this first class house there is a well arranged

Livery, Feed Stable and Wagon Yard,

For Teams and Wagons. In this department the public can rely upon being served with efficient men and with the best accommodations. july8-tf

HERBERT'S EXCHANGE,

Three MILES ABOVE DUTCH FLAT.

JOHN L. HERBERT.....PROPRIETOR

THE PROPRIETOR RESPECTFULly informs the traveling public that he is prepared to accommodate all who favor him with a call, be determined to exert himself to the utmost to give his guests every satisfaction. Ample accommodations for Teamsters as well as the public generally. ap29v6y

ZERR'S STATION,

Nine MILES ABOVE DUTCH FLAT.

THOMAS LEWIS.....PROPRIETOR.

THE PROPRIETOR RESPECTFULly announces to his friends and the traveling public generally that he has purchased this well known Stage Station which he intends hereafter to keep in a style unsurpassed by any house in the mountains.

TEAMSTERS AND TRAVELERS!

Can rely upon receiving every attention and accommodation and pleasure parties from Dutch Flat will always be furnished with the best house affords. je8 tf

CRYSTAL LAKE HOUSE.

Nineteen Miles above Dutch Flat.

HENRY POLLEY.....PROPRIETOR.

THE SUBSCRIBER DESIRES TO INform the traveling public that he is now prepared to accommodate all who may give him a call. Excellent facilities are provided for

TEAMSTERS AND TRAVELERS,

Having HAY and GRAIN, and a large COMMODIOUS LOT. THE BAR is thought by connoisseurs to contain the Best Liquors, and Iced Beverages constantly made.

The subscriber has just constructed at NEW TRAIL whereby persons going to and from the

New Mines at Excelsior District

From all points below can save a considerable distance of mountain travel.

Distance to the new mines from Dutch Flat by way of the Crystal Lake House, thirty miles. jn15v6y

TOMPKINS HOUSE,

BEAR VALLEY, NEVADA COUNTY.

E. O. TOMPKINS.....PROPRIETOR.

THE PROPRIETOR RESPECTFULly announces to the traveling public that he is now fully prepared to accommodate all guests in the best possible manner. Parties visiting this beautiful valley will receive every attention. The House is situated on the line of the Pacific Turnpike, between Dutch Flat and Bowman's Ranch, on the Henness Pass road. june17-tf

RAILROAD RESTAURANT,

Colfax, California.

HENRY TANGERMAN, : : : : Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Colfax and the public generally, that his Restaurant is in full operation at the RAILROAD DEPOT BUILDING, where all the substantials as well as delicacies are served up daily at short notice. ☞ Passengers have an hour to get their meals between the arrival of the stages and the departure of the cars. se23-tf

GOLDEN EAGLE HALL,

S. E. Cor. MAIN AND STOCKTON STRTS.

FRANK PAUSON.....PROPRIETOR

THE PROPRIETOR HAVING thoroughly remodelled and renovated this favorite place of resort, is now prepared to invite all to come and see him, assuring them them that he offers nothing but the

Best Wines, Liquors and Cigars,

That can be purchased below. In connection with this first class Saloon there are two fine

Marble-bed Billiard Tables,

Upon which those partial to this noble game can pass an hour of pleasant recreation.

Drop in as you are passing and see for yourself. oct5-tf

SENATE SALOON,

Opposite the Express office, Main Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRES TO INform the citizens of Dutch Flat and his friends generally that he has leased this well known stand where he will constantly keep the best

Syrups, Wines, Liquors and Cigars,

to be had in the market. An experienced bar-keeper will always be in attendance to supply the wants of those favoring him with their patronage. A call from those partial to pure beverages is respectfully solicited.

Nov. 19, 1864-tf DAVID MAYER.

"ESSEX,"

Corner of Main and Virginia streets,
GOLD RUN, CALIFORNIA.

O. W. HOLKENBECK.....PROPRIETOR.

THIS NEW AND SPACIOUS BILLIARD SALOON, which has just been fitted up in first rate style, is now open to the public, and will be constantly stocked with the best

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,

that can be purchased on the Pacific coast.

A polite and attentive bar-keeper always in attendance to wait upon visitors. je-9tf

TOBACCO—The largest stock in town, at [my27tf] BURCKHALTER'S.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OLIVE LODGE, No. 81, I. O. O. F., hold their regular meetings on Wednesday evening of each week.

Brothers in good standing are cordially invited.

JNO. H. BOKE, N. G.

W. H. KEELER Rec. Secretary. jy1

LIBANUS CHAPTER, No. 17, R. A. M., Meets at their hall in Iowa Hill, every Thursday on or preceding the full moon of each month.

Companions in good standing are fraternally invited to visit.

J. H. NEFF, H. P.

W. D. LAWRENCE, Secretary. jy1-tf

CALIFORNIANS should test the merits of DR. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Were it is highly palatable as a beverage, it is unequalled as a tonic and invigorator. In the pursuit of fortune at the mines, many persons are exposed to the attacks of complaints of the digestives organs, and various kinds of fever. It is a very article that has so long been in demand in the mines. Its daily use will restore the tone of a deranged stomach, impart fresh vitality to the digestive functions, and cure the spirits. Yet the Bitters is the safest of all stimulants. Let the miner who is exposed to hot and dry, wet and cold, be certain to obtain a supply of the genuine Hostetter Bitter, and he will find it a certain safeguard to health. [je17 1m

HOPE FOR THE AFFLICTED.—In another part of this paper will be found the advertisement of the celebrated Institute established by Dr. J. C. YOUNG, in 1850. In this age of deceit and charlatanism it is a boon to the suffering to point out to them where they are sure of obtaining the wished for relief and cure. Under the care of the skillful Doctor the sick and troubled can divest themselves of their burdens of pain; lay aside their cross, and secure health and happiness. If you are sick or in trouble, do not hesitate. Read the advertisement and follow the advice. Do not forget the number nor the manner of directing your letters. Consultation Office, 540, Washington street, San Francisco. my5-3m

Medical Advice.—DR. WM. K. DOHERTY'S Medical and Surgical Institute is becoming a *sine qua non* to the welfare of our State and health of our citizens; and his rapidly spreading reputation, although it may excite surprise, is but the signal of skill, and follows as the natural result of such a cause. We are personally acquainted with gentlemen who had suffered for years under chronic disease, and who had taken advantage of every available means that promised relief, but without success, until they called upon Dr. Doherty, who, in an incredibly short space of time, has given them entire relief. It is gratifying to announce this fact, because the Dr. is a gentleman who seeks, not by defamation of others, to establish his reputation or ruin of another's fame. The Doctor conducts his own Institute in such a manner that must be gratifying to all his patients. He examines, advises, and recommends without charge, and the patient, after hearing his terms for treatment, can accept or reject at pleasure. In no case does the Doctor make a charge, unless he effects a cure. This he is able to do, because he feels the confidence which long experience has given, and no doubt the consultation which appertains to that confidence. Persons afflicted with either acute or chronic disease, would do well to consult the Doctor; at all events, it can do no harm, for consultation he asks no fee; nor does he insist on any medicine to his advise unless the patient places himself under his care. His offices are on Sacramento street, opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship office.—*S. F. News.*

DUTCH FLAT SAW MILL.

THE ABOVE SAW MILL being the oldest established mill now in operation in the vicinity of Dutch Flat, having been lately repaired, is now capable of cutting lumber equal to the most celebrated mills in Placer county. We have on hand a general assortment of seasoned and green lumber, hard and soft lumber, and having

Reduced the Prices

to correspond with the times, will sell as LOW if not a *little* lower than any other Saw Mill in this vicinity

We are now receiving in the yard a large and superior lot of saw logs, and can fill orders for lumber with dispatch of all usual dimensions, varying in length from 10 to 30 feet.

Being situated within a few hundred yards of Dutch Flat, and convenient to most of the valuable mining claims, offer superior inducements to

Builders and Miners,

Who will find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Lumber delivered to any point within ten miles

ALLEN TOWLE.

Dutch Flat, June 24th, 1860. tf

WM. H. HILLHOUSE,

Tin, Sheet-Iron and Copper-ware Manufacturer
Iron Hydraulic Pipe,

Constantly on hand.
Main Street, Dutch Flat.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A GOOD ASsortment of

Hardware, Tin Ware, Stoves, Pumps, Rope, Lead Pipe, Iron and Steel, Horax, Horse-shoe Nails, Sad Irons, Carpenters' Tools,

Together with many other articles, too numerous to mention, which he is prepared to sell at very low prices.

Iron Hydraulic Pipe

Made to Order, and repaired at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

☞ All work in my line done with neatness and dispatch. apr15-tf

DISTRICT COURT SUMMONS.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Placer, District Court of the 14th Judicial District of said State.

The People of the State of California, To Johanna Vogel, Ephriam Vogel, Rachel Vogel, Rebecca Vogel, Sarah Vogel, Edwin Vogel and S. Heyman, Greeting:

YOU are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of E. L. Bradley in said Court, filed against you, within ten days from the service of this Writ exclusive of the day of service, if served on you in this county, but if served on you without said county, and within said District, twenty days; and if served on you without said county and District, then in forty days from such service, exclusive of the day of service, in an action commenced on the 7th day of April, 1864, in said Court, to obtain a judgment against you, S. Heyman, admiuistrator of the estate of Louis Vogel, deceased, for the sum of One hundred ($100) dollars and interest thereon from May 9th, 1861, at the rate of 2½ per cent. per month, alleged to be due to Plaintiff on a certain promissory note of Louis Vogel, deceased, of the date and for the amount above mentioned, and also for a decree of foreclosure against certain property mortgaged by the said Louis Vogel, deceased, to secure the payment of the same and that the interest or claim of all the defendants, above named in and to said mortgaged property be declared subsequent to and subject to Plff's said mortgage, and also for costs of suit, all of which you will find more fully set out in complaint on file a certified copy of which is herewith served, and you are hereby notified that if you fail to answer the complaint as directed, Plff will take Judgment against you by default as prayed for in complaint and apply to the Court for the relief demanded.

L. S. 50c

In witness whereof, I, D. W. Spear, Clerk of the Fourteoth Judicial District Court aforesaid do hereinto set my hand and impress the Seal of said Court, at office in Auburn, this 8th day April, 1864.

L. S. D. W. SPEAR, Clerk.

It appearing to my satisfaction by the affidavit of E. L. Bradley, the above named plaintiff that the deft's Rachel Vogel, Sarah Vogel, Rebecca Vogel and Edwin Vogel above named have departed from the State of California; that their present residence and the residence of each of them is to the pl'ff unknown, and it likewise appearing that pl'ff has a good cause of action herein and that the above named Rachel Vogel, Sarah Vogel, Rebecca Vogel and Edwin Vogel are necessary and proper parties to said action, and that summons has been issued in said action, on motion of Tweed & Craig, atty's for Pl'ff., it is ordered that service of the summons in said action, (hereto annexed) be had upon said deft's, Rachel Vogel, Sarah Vogel, Rebecca Vogel and Edwin Vogel by the publication of said summons in said action in the THE DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER, a newspaper printed and published at Dutch Flat, in the County of Placer, once a week for the period of three months.

T. B. MCFARLAND, District Judge.

Attest: D. W. SPEAR, Clerk,
By A. N. GARRELL, Deputy.
TWEED & CRAIG, Plaintiff's Atty's. aug26 3m.

SCHEDULE STAMP DUTIES.

The following is a correct copy of the new schedule of stamp duties under the new revenue law, which took effect on August 1st, 1864:

Acknowledgment of deeds.....exempt
Affidavit.....5 cts
Affidavit in suits or legal proceedings.....exempt
Agreement or appraisement (for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written).....5 cts
Assignment or transfer of mortgages, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as the original instrument.
Assignment of patent right.....5 cts
Bank checks, drafts or orders, etc., at sight or on demand.....5 cts
Bills of exchange (foreign) drawn in but payable out of the United States, each bill, or set of three or more, must be stamped.
For every bill of each set, where the sum made payable does not exceed $100, or the equivalent there of in any foreign currency in which such bills may be expressed, according to the standard of value fixed by the United State.....3 cts
For every additional $100 or fractional part thereof in excess.....2 cts
Bills of exchange (foreign) drawn in but payable out of the United States (if drawn singly or in duplicate), pay same duty as inland bills of exchange.
[The acceptor or acceptors of any bill of exchange or order for the payment of any sum of money, drawn or purporting to be drawn in any foreign country, but payable in the United States, must, before paying or accepting the same, place thereon a stamp indicating the duty.]
Bills of exchange (inland), draft or order, payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promisory note, whether payable on demand or at a time designated (except bank notes issued for circulation and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be presented forthwith for payment) for a sum not exceeding $100.....5 cts
For additional $100, or fractional part thereof.....5 cts
[The warrant of attorney to confess judgment on a note or bond is exempt from stamp duty, if the note or bond is properly stamped.]
Bills of lading of vessels for ports of the United States or British North America.....exempt
Bills of lading, or receipt for goods, to any foreign port.....10 cts
Bill of sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed $300.....50 cts
Bill of sale exceeding $300, not exceeding $1,000.....$1 00
Bill of sale exceeding $1,000, for each $500, or fractional part thereof.....50 cts
Bill of sale of personal property (other than ship or vessel).....5 cts
Bond, personal, for the payment of money. [See Mortgage.]
Bond, official.....$1 00
Bond, for indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is $1,00 or less.....60 cts
Bond, where the money recoverable exceeds $1,000, for every additional $1,000, or fractional part thereof.....60 cts
Bonds—county, city and town bonds, railroad and other corporation bonds, and scrip, are subject to the stamp duty. [See Mortgage.]
Bonds of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule.....25 cts
Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding $100.....2 cts

ADVENTURE WITH A LEOPARD.

I was riding home about six o'clock one afternoon with young E., and when in the middle of the cantonments—not amongst the barracks, but in the native part of the station—we saw some animal cross the road, about one hundred yards in front of us, and disappear in a sort of rough garden on the left hand side of the road. The natives who were about the place seemed to be in a state of great excitement, and some of them had climbed up into the trees. On cantering up to ascertain the cause, we were told that it was a tiger or hyena, and that he had not come out of the garden we saw him enter. Thinking it might possibly be a hyena or wolf driven in from the jungle by the terrific storm we had experienced the previous day, we determined to try and beat him out; so whilst F. went round the road to the other side of the little covert, I leaped my horse over the bank and ditch, and proceeded to beat the bushes with a bamboo I had picked up from a native. I had gone through the garden without success, and there were only three bushes left. F. was making slowly towards these from the road, whilst I was about to beat them—when, heralding his approach with two savage roars, out sprang an enormous leopard, his eyes blazing and showing all his teeth. F's horse, a little gray Arab, swerved round to the right, and with one bound the leopard was on him behind the saddle, seizing F's left arm above and below the elbow in his mouth, and fixing his fore claws on either side of the rider, and his hind ditto on the horse's quarters. Overbalancing F., they both came to the ground together, and loosening his hold at once, the brute made off, tail up, at full canter, turning round once to look at us. I went up to F., who was holding his arm, covered with blood, and looking queer (the whole affair was over in a few seconds), and found that no bones were broken. His horse, strange to say, stood perfectly still, seemingly more astonished than frightened, and gazed after the retreating leopard, with his ears pricked, and a puzzled expression of countenance that was quite ludicrous.

Telling the natives to try and mark the brute down, we galloped off to the hospital; there I left F. and sent the doctor to him. It was now getting dusk, so I procured my rifle and galloped back as hard as I could to where the accident had occurred. The natives were collected in thousands, and told me the leopard had bowled a man over who had stood in his path, and had gone into a field of tobacco close by. On arriving there I found a Mr. T., a veterinary surgeon, a halfcastle named G., and two other men. It was now quite dark, and I proposed waiting for the moon, but T. said he would try to walk him up if I would accompany him. Of course I assented, and four of us—T., G., another man and myself—went slowly through the field, keeping together, the natives surrounding us at a respectful distance in thousands. We had gone about two hundred yards, and T. said to me, "I think he has stole away, sir." The words were scarcely out of his mouth, when, with a suppressed roar, the brute got up in front and charged straight in amongst us. G. was between T. and myself, and he was knocked over directly and severely mauled. T. and myself both fired simultaneously and wounded the brute, who retreated about ten yards and lay down, growling savagely. T. and I was now found ourselves alone. We could not see the animal, but expected him to charge every minute. This state of things continued for a quarter of an hour, when the natives brought some long poles with torches fixed on them. These were held over our heads, but even then we could not see him; so I sent for a chair, thinking I might catch a sight of him through the tobacco if I stood on it. Taking it in my left hand, I advanced a few paces, when the leopard charged me, but not quite home, stopping about three yards in front. T., on my left, now caught sight of him in the light of the torch, and shot him through the head. Thus ended the fight. I can assure you the walk in the dark through the high tobacco was very ticklish work. F. received some severe bites so, also G.; they are both doing well, I am glad to say. The affair caused great excitement in the place. The leopard was an enormous brute measuring seven feet.

The end of March last I went into Rohilound, on a fortnight's leave, with three others. We had two elephants apiece—one to ride, the other to beat and carry the game. It was the most gentlemanly way of shooting imaginable. After breakfast you light your cheroot, and give the order, "Bring round the elephants." After gravely saluting you with his trunk, the sagacious brute kneels down and holds out his hind foot and tail for you to scramble up into the howdah by. Once there you find everything arranged—two double-barrel rifles on one side, two ditto guns on the other, ammunition put handy in liitle pockets, and your loader perched behind you, with an enormous umbrella. Our ostensible object was after tigers, but we were rather early, and only had a shot at one, but he got away in the grass, though severely wounded. We bagged, of big game, wild bear, cheetah, hog deer, and three wild cats. I used to go out in the early morn on foot in the forest, with an old shikari, after deer, and succeeded in getting five—two of them splendid stags with good heads. One morning, I came across the trail of a tiger, with a bullock fresh killed; he had evidently just done breakfast, and was gone to drink. The old shikari touched me on the shoulder, and said quietly. "Sahib, sahib, you are the protector of the poor, and the defender of the faithful; I am your slave, but let us go home." As discretion is proverbially the better part of valor, we felt more at ease when clear out of the jungle.

AN ARAB GRISI.—Of all the falsehoods I have heard about the East, the assertion that women are old hags at thirty is the greatest. Among the poor Fellah women it may be true enough, but not nearly so true as in Germany; and I have now seen a considerable number of Levantine ladies looking quite handsome, or at least comely, till fifty. The lady we visited yesterday was forty-eight, and her daughter a good deal above twenty. The mother was extremely handsome, though very untidy; and the daughter, with two children, the eldest of whom was four years old, looked sixteen. I saw the same in three or four cases at the fantasia. Sakenah, the Arab Grisi, is fifty-five. Her face is ugly, I am told. She was veiled, and we only saw her eyes and glimpses of her mouth when she drank water; but she has the figure of a leopard, all grace and beauty, and a splendid voice of its kind—harsh, but thrilling, like Malibran's. I guessed her thirty, or perhaps thirty-five. When she improvised, the finesse and elegance of her whole manner was ravishing; and I was on the point of shouting out "Mashallah!" as heartily as the natives. The eight younger "A'limeh" (i. e., "learned women," which we English call Almah and think it an improper word,) were ugly, and screeched. Sakenah was treated with great consideration and quite as a friend by the Armenian ladies, with whom she talked between her songs. She is a Muslimeh, and very rich and charitable. She gets at least fifty pounds for a night's singing.

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$25 to $350 per set.
SADDLES,
$5 to $100 each.
BRIDLES,
AT
HYDE & McCLELLAN'S,
327 Montgomery Street,
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SAN FRANCISCO.
ALSO
a splendid assortment
OF
SADDLERY GOODS,
AT PRICES
25 Per Cent. Less than any House on the Pacific Coast.
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A LIBERAL DISCOUNT
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MEDICAL.

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R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Corner of Sansome and Pine
Streets, San Francisco,
DRUGGISTS.

We respectfully beg leave to inform our customers and the public generally that we have opened a House in the city of San Francisco, where we will be pleased to see as many of our old friends and customers as can make it convenient to call upon us. We shall keep at both places a large and well selected stock of

Drugs and Medicines, Chemicals of all kinds, Solid and Fluid Extracts, Shakers' Herbs, Eclectic Preparations, Patent Medicines, Fancy Goods, Trusses & Shoulder Br's, Abdominal Supporters, Assayers' Materials,
Retorts and Crucibles, Druggists Glassware, Brewers' Stock, Soda Water Material, Paints and Oils, Kerosene and Coal Oils, Lard and Sperm Oils, Camphene & burning fluid Alcohol in Tin,

Together with a complete assortment of all articles in the Drug line. We do not intend to be undesold by any house in California. Orders respectfully solicited and goods forwarded to all parts of the Pacific coast and country.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Importing Druggists, Sacramento
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Trusses and Supporters.

Gum Stockings, Abdominal Supporters, Shoulder Brace, Suspensory Bandages, Silk Elastic Bandages for Ladies. A very large assortment of articles in this line For sale by

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R. H. McDONALD & CO., San Francisco.

Brewers' Stock.

Fresh Hops, Irish Moss, Burgundy Pitch, Keg Corks. Everything in this line of the best quality. For sale upon reasonable terms.

N. B. Ten bales Hops just received by Express.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.

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Crucibles, Retorts, Acids, and a general supply of all articles in this line. For sale by
R. H. McDONALD & CO.

Eclectic Medicines.

We are constantly receiving per express, supplies from the manufactories. For sale by
R. H. McDONALD & CO.

Tildem's Sugar-Coated Pills.

Of nearly all the concentrated Medicines, put up in bottles. For sale by
R. H. McDONALD & Co.,

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We are constantly receiving articles in this line, direct from Foreign and American manufactories. For sale by
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Brushes, Feather Dusters, Zinc White, Fire Proof Paint Linseed Oil, Boiled and Raw. For sale by
R. H. McDONALD & CO.

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Burning Fluid, Neats-foot Oil, Lard Oil, and Camphene. Knowing the difficulty in procuring a good article, so necessary for brilliant light, we have taken extra pains to import them of the best quality, and can supply our customers with a superior article.
R. H. McDONALD &CO.

Soda Water Material.

Corks, Acids, Essential Oils, Whiting, Marble Dust Soda Twine. Everything in the line.
For sale by R. H. McDONALD & CO.

Patent Medicines.

We are Agents for nearly all valuable articles in use and our stock is unusually large. For sale by
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Dissecting Instruments, Eye Instruments, Obstetrical Instruments, Polypus Forceps, Probangs, Post Mortem Instruments, Pocket Instruments, Trepanning Instruments, Speculums,
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WE respectfully invite the attention of the Dental Profession to our large and complete assortment of dental goods, the following comprising a part only:

Plain and Pivot Teeth, Gum Teeth, large assort't, Teeth for Vulcanite work, gum & plain, great variety Jones & White's gold foil, Abbey & Son's Gold Foil, Watt's Crystal Foil and Sponge Gold, Tin Foil and Platina plate Gold Plate and Solder, Dental chairs & head rests, Forceps, a large variety, Files of all kinds,
Ivory Handled Pluggers and Scalers, Steel and Wire Handled Pluggers and Scalers, Excavators, burrs & drills Screws, Puncher, Hooks, Brushes and Carundum Wheels, Grind Stones and Polish Powders, Lathes, Mouth Mirrors, different patterns.

PAID IN GREENBACKS.

R. W. D. OLENDORF, OF RED BLUFF, CAL., availing himself of the law making Greenbacks a legal tender, has, through Messrs. Wells, Fargo & Co., tendered and paid us two hundred and seventy-five dollars in Greenbacks (for goods purchased payable in gold coin), in full payment of his obligations to us. This amount we receipted for in full, which, of course, we were compelled to receive or get nothing.

We feel it our duty to let the public know of this, as any other transaction of like character, that they may understand who the parties are that will avail themselves of the cheap but unjust mode of paying their honest debts.
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Wholesale Druggists. Sacramento and San Francisco.

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Flavoring Extracts, Gelatine and Isinglass, Tapioca and Farina, Pearl Barley and Sago, Oat meal, Yeast Powders, Cream Tartar and Soda, Fresh Hops.
Superior Starch, Bluing, liquid and in balls Pure Indigo, Polishing Wax for cloths, Concentrated Ley, Potash and Sal Soda, Stove Polish, Stove Brushes,

Dental Cases.

Chevalier's Best, containing a large number of Instruments, Mouth Mirrors, etc. Cases made of mahogany, brass bound, with drawers, etc., all complete. Price according to size and style—from $75 to $175, each.

Anatomical Preparations.

Consisting of Upper and lower Maxillaries, carved exhibiting Nerves on one side and Artery and Vein on the other. Head, with carved Jaw, exposing fangs of Teeth, 32 in number.

Vulcanite, Vulcanite Teeth, Rubber and everything for doing vulcanite work in the latest and most approved styles, together with nearly everything used by Dentists all of which we shall sell at very low prices, and respectfully solicit Dentists to call and examine and price our goods.

Goods packed with care and forwarded, by express or otherwise, to all parts of the Pacific coast.
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Wholesale Druggists, Sacramento,
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We keep constantly on hand a supply of all the most approved Standard Works on Dentistry. Our efforts will be to keep a large and well selected stock of all Dental Material, where the Dental Profession may confidently rely upon having their orders filled in the best possible manner.
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[jy2-ly]

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

QUICK CURES, SMALL CHARGES.

ELECTROPATHIC INSTITUTE,
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ESTABLISHED FEBRUARY, 1860, BY AN ASSOCIATION OF SCIENTIFIC GENTLEMEN FOR THECUE OF DISEASES, AND THE SUPPRESSION OF QUACKERY.

Truths for the Afflicted.

This splendid establishment was inaugurated in February, 1860, by an association of Scientific gentlemen, that there might be a Medical Establishment in San Francisco, where the afflicted could find scientific and honorable, as well as humane treatment. *Outrageous Quackery* had so long run rampant over afflicted humanity that all confidences was being lost in the Medical Profession, and it was time that there should be an Institute where the afflicted could apply with the certainty of honorable and Scientific treatment. And the result has thus far exceeded the most sanguine expectations of its founders.

Thousands have been made to rejoice in returned health who had been trifled with by the numerous vampires that abound upon this coast, the chief of whom has been obliged to close out and leave the country; but still there are some left of whom the afflicted should beware.

The basis of the treatment at the Institute is the Electropathic System. The Physician and Surgeon who has been a Professor in one of the best Medical Colleges in America, and who has made a special study of Chronic Diseases for the last fifteen years, is thoroughly qualified to treat by medicine, and will warrant a perfect and permanent cure in the shortest possible time. All long-standing cases of disease no matter what may be their nature, give way under the course of treatment pursued at the Institute, and the result is perfect health and a strengthened constitution where it has been injured.

It would be useless to enumerate the diseases as it would be occupying space to no purpose. Every nameable complaint to which humanity is liable can be cured by the faculty at the Institute.

No mercury is used upon any consideration. All medicines prescribed are vegetable, and in cases where the patient can remain in the city, and wishes to be treated by Electricity, no medicines will be used. All medicines are electrized, which makes them much more active, and destroys all nauseous taste, making them as palatable as wine.

The Directors wish to speak of specialities more extensively than of other complaints, because empirics have used more deception about them than they have about the regular troubles of the human family. And first on the list is that dreadful malady denominated Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, a complaint which not only affects the body with pain and lassitude, making life a burden, but affects the brain, creating *Insanity*. It drives more men to the mad house than all other diseases added together. By the Electropathic System thisterrible trouble give sway, and the hitherto emaciated victim is made to rejoice in perfect health.

Next upon the list is Venereal, in all of its terrible forms and phases.

It is impossible to paint this disease in colors sufficiently terrible to do it justice. It is the most awful disease to which the human family is liable, and if not arrested when active, making him a loathsome mass of living corruption. It is also one of the most insidious diseases in the world. While the exterior shows no symptom, the orribl he disease is sapping the foundations of life, preparing to attack its vital parts, as soon as the patient shall by some indiscretion weaken the system. Reader, if you have ever had this awful disease in any form whatever, call at once at the Institute, and the physician there will examine you and tell you if you have any of the virus in your blood. In such cases consultations are always gratis, and should you have any of the dreadful com plaint about you, a cure will be warranted in a short time, or no charges will be ade for servicems.

Strictures.

This terrible affection, which badly affects the nervous system as to prevent sound and health giving sleep, should be attended to in its early stages, or an operation both painful and dangerous will have to be res orted to. It is usually first indicated by darting pains in the parts, but very light and hardly noticeable at first, increasing gradually, until they become troublesome, sometimes accompanied by slight irritations in the passage of urine—A *quick cure* is easily performed at the Institute if early application is made.

To Females.

Your delicate organizations should be treated with great scientific care. At the Institute you will find a kind physician, who can at once discover your disease or trouble, and sympatize with you in your affliction. Should you be irregular you can get relief, no matter what may be the cause. You need not fear to call on account of the delicacy of consultation for the utmost secrecy will be insured at all times, and the resident physician will treat you in the most honorable manner, giving you all the assist ance and advice, both medical and surgical, that you may re quire. *Private apartments, especially for Ladies.*

Preventive.

Dr. J. H. Josselyn's celebrated Preventive for married ladies can be obtained only at the Institute. Price, Ten Dollars.

Warranted to prevent pregnancy. Can be used without any inconvenience, and is good for one year if directions are followed.

This Magnetic Preventive is not infurious, but is conducive to health, and can be used without the know ledge of any one but the party using it.

To sum up, there is no place where the medical profession is practiced in the State of California, wherein the same amount of scientific attainments are employed, and, consequently, where the afflicted can be so well treated, and be as sure of a cure, as at the Electropathic Institute, 645 Washington street, (south side,) a few doors below Kearny.

Reader, if you are sick and need medical assistance call therebefore employing any one else, and judge for yourself. You will there find the best consulting, as well as the the best operating talent in the State, together with the only Electropathic Instrument that can be depended upon in the curative process.

Medicine sent to all parts of the State, Oregon and Nevada, upon the receipt of a letter describing the case.

All letters must be directed to J. H. JOSSELYN, M. D., Resident Physician, Electropathic Institute.

Dr. H. JOSSELYN has no connection with any other establishment or Institute in this city.

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ENQUIRER CALENDAR, 1865.

1865. JANUARY.	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
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1865. JULY.	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
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PRIVATE MEDICAL AID.
Quick Cures and Moderate Charges.
DR. W. K. DOHERTY'S
Private Medical and Surgical Institute.
Sacramento Street, below Montgomery, opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s Office.
Private entrance on Leidesdorff st., San Francisco.
Established expressly to afford the afflicted sound and Scientific Medical Aid, in the treatment and cure of all Private and Chronic Diseases, cases of secrecy and all Sexual Diseases.

To the Afflicted.

DR. W. K. DOHERTY returns his sincere thanks to his numerous patients for their patronage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that he continues to consult at his Institute for the cure of chronic diseases of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive and Genito-Urinary Organs, and all private diseases, viz: Syphilis in all its form and stages, Seminal Weakness, and all the horrid consequences of self-abuse, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Nocturnal and Diurnal Emissions, Sexual Debility, Diseases of the Back and Loins, Inflammation of the Bladder and Kidneys, etc., etc., and he hopes that his long experience and successful practice will continue to ensure him a share of public patronage. By the practice of many years in Europe and the United States, he is enabled to apply the most efficient and success-ful remedies against diseases of all kinds. He uses no mercury, charges moderate, treats his patients in in a correct and honorable way, and has references from men of known respectability and high standing in society. All parties consulting him, by letter or otherwise, will receive the best and gentlest treatment and implicit secrecy.

DR. DOHERTY would call attention to the following certificates from two of his patients, who having fully recovered their health, desire to make known their remedial agent. It will be seen their statements are fully authenticated by a Notary Public.

The welfare of society imperiously demand their publicity, and they are given more to warn the unwary than to sound the praises of a Physician, of whom hundreds of like cases can be cited, during a practice of more than fifteen years.

Dr. Doherty—Dear Sir: I feel my health so fully restored, that in common gratitude, I believe I should make you some written acknowledgment for your valuable services—particularly so as your fee was small for the work performed.

I arrived in this city from the East about one year ago, and was then suffering from an old case of Gleet, complicated with Stricture. Being a stranger in this city, and believing those Doctors who gave such positive assurances of success were necessarily the best (some of whom have a large number of titles), I placed myself in their charge and continued under their treatment until I had lost nearly all hope and a considerable sum of money.

I wish to say now that you are the sixth Doctor I have employed, and the only one that has ever done me any service. My Gleet is wholly cured, the Stricture is all removed, and my general health is better than it has been for years.

In conclusion I would say to the many unfortunates who require medical advice, if you have any doubt as to whom you may employ, ask Dr. Doherty for my address and call and see me. (I keep store in this city.) My xperience may save you many dollars.

I would also add that in the early stage of my disease, I used a large amount of the preparations advertised as an infallible cure for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, etc., but never derived any benefit from them.

I am, Dr. tor, very truly yours, L—— H——.
San Francisco, June 16, 1864.
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 21st day of June, A. D. 1864.
[L. S.] A. S. GOULD, Notary Public.

SEMINAL WEAKNESS—A SWORN-TO CERTIFICATE OF MOST REMARKABLE CURE OF SPERMATORRHŒA.

A desire to benefit humanity, and a feeling of gratitude to Dr. W. K. Doherty, alone induces me to make this statement. For many years I have been afflicted with that fearful disease known as "Spermatorrhœa," or Seminal Weakness, the result of selfabuse, but till 1855 experienced but little trouble or inconvenience. In that year however, I had Seminal weakness to an alarming extent, which was soon followed by the most alarming symptoms as weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the head, dimness of vision, nervousness and general debility. My mind, too, was afflicted to such an extent as to seriously impair my memory; my ideas were confused and spirits depressed. I was averse to society, had evil forebodings and self-distrust, and was entirely unfitted for any of the duties of life. From 1855 to the summer of 1863, I employed the very best medical talent I could find, and spent several hundred dollars, but in no instance obtained more than temporary relief. I had about concluded there was no relief for me in this world, but seeing Dr. Doherty's advertisement, I thought I would call and see him, as he charged nothing for consultation. I had an interview with Dr. Doherty at his office, in Sacramento street, and his fee for treatment was so reasonable, I determined to try him, though I did not expect much benefit from his treatment. On the 5th of December last I placed myself under his care; in one week I found myself very much improved, and now, after five weeks' treatment, I feel myself thoroughly cured of all my troubles and in the enjoyment of the best health. Hoping that my experience may be of benefit to others similarly afflicted, I subscribe myself JAMES JOHNSTON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 15th day of January, A. D. 1864.
[L. S.] A. G. RANDALL, Notary Public.

To Females.

When a female is in trouble, or afflicted with disease, as weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the head, dimness of sight, loss of muscular power, palpitation of the heart, irritability, nervousness, extreme urinary difficulties, derangement of digestive functions, general debility, vaginitis, all diseases of the womb, hysteria, sterility, and all other diseases peculiar to females, they should go or write at once to the celebrated female doctor, W. K. Doherty, at his Medical Institute, and consult him about their troubles and disease. The Doctor is effecting more cures than any other Physician in the State of California. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply immediately and save yourself from painful sufferings and premature death. All Married Ladies, whose delicate health or other circumstances prevent an increase in their families should write or call at Dr. W. K. Doherty's Medical Institute, and they will receive every possible relief and help. The Doctor's offices are so arraged that he can be consulted without fear of observation.

To correspondents.

Patients residing in any part of the State, however distant, who may desire the opinion and advice of Dr. Doherty on their respective cases, and who think proper to submit a written statement of such, in preference to holding a personal interview, are respectfully assured that their communications will be held most sacred. Dr. Doherty takes this opportunity of observing, that all letters are only opened and replied to by himself, and the latter as promptly as possible.

If the case be fully and candidly described, and the usual fee of ten dollars enclosed, (by express or in a registered letter) personal communication will be superseded, as instructions for diet, regimen, and the general treatment the case itself (including the remedies), will be forwarded without delay, and in such a manner as to convey no purport of the letter or parcel so transmitted.

☞ Consultation at the office FREE. By letter, $10 Permanent cure guaranteed, or no pay. Address,
W. K. DOHERTY, M. D.,
San Francisco, California.
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MEDICAL.

HEALTH
HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swellings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c.

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU
AND
Improved Rose Wash

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from Habits of Dissipation, at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiba and Mercury, in curing these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE or FEMALE, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in its taste and odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, procure the Remedy at once.

The Reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his Bodily Health, Mental Powers and Happiness. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is the Great Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S
HIGHLY CONCENTRATED
Compound Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla,

For purifying the blood, removing all diseases arising from excess and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swelling of the Bones Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erysipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion.

AND HAPPINESS

NOT A FEW

Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect HELMBOLD'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. It cleanses and renovates the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the Blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtue surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on strictly scientific principles—in vacuo—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensatory.

HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.

In Diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the Improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those of the Urinary Organs, such as Gonorrhœa and Gleet; in these use the Extract Buchu and inject with the Improved Rose Wash.

☞ THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and also are in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS AND PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS throughout the land, as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

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THE SUBSCRIBERS WOULD ANNOUNCE TO the traveling public, teamsters, and all others who may have business or pleasure on the Dutch Flat and Donner Lake Wagon Road, that they are prepared to accommodate all in a manner unsurpassed in the mountains.—This house is forty miles from Dutch Flat, and the proprietors have supplied themselves with an abundance for both man and beast.

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Is at all times furnished with the best liquors, wines and cigars, and

The Table

with game and fish, and such other delicacies of the season to be obtained either in the cities or the mountains.

N. B.—Persons can always be supplied with fresh horses or vehicles at this house in visiting any of the neighboring localities. A daily stage passes the door to and from Virginia City. Oct. 1-1y

MEDICAL.

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Established by
DR. J. C. YOUNG, IN 1850,
FOR THE CURE OF ALL PRIVATE DISEASES AND ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

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NO CURE, NO PAY.

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THIS CELEBRATED INSTITUTE

has enjoyed on this coast an uninterrupted success of fourteen years, and has become one of the renowned Institute of the age. With the celebrated Lock Hospital in London, and the no less renowned establishment of Ricord in Paris, this Institute has become to the Pacific coast. The thousands annually received and cured place it in point of number of patients among the very first of the world, and the success of its treatment ranks it second to none.

PRIVATE DISEASES IN MALES and IRREGULARITIES IN FEMALES are the great destroyers of health. They insidiously attack the system and gradually undermine and destroy it; they drive the bloom from the cheek, the lustre from the eye, the strength and vigor from the frame; they give to the world puny and diseased offspring, and poison, through successive generations the race of man. The marks can be seen in Scrofula, Consumption, Cripples, the Idiotic, the Paralytic, the Insane, etc.

There is no more terrible scourge to the human race than those diseases arising from the contamination of Venerial Poison. The mildest forms, by retreating to the blood, hold ever over the one afflicted, the sword of destruction that is liable at any moment to fall and blight—to utterly destroy—all earthly hopes.

MERCURY, *recognized as the most fatal medical enemy to man*, combining with the Venerial, doubles its dangers. Those who have been treated with that pernicious *mineral poison* are not cured: the disease has only assumed a new form.

Do not be Satisfied with Partial Cure

that leave the poison to crawl through the system, eating its way into the tissues and organs beneath the apparently smooth surface, to burst out in the future with a virulence that will baffle the effects of medicine. WHEN PERFECT CURES can be obtained by consulting a physician, whose long practice and thorough investigation into the causes of DISEASES of the URINARY ORGANS enables to determine at once the nature of the disease.

In all diseases entrusted to the Doctor's care, PERFECT, SPEEDY and PERMANENT.

Cures are always Guaranteed.

In syphilis and its adjuncts; Gonorrhœa and its accompanying diseases; and all disorders of the Bladder, Kidneys and prostrate; Seminal Weakness; Di